FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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Glastonbury Essex



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Finance Town of Old Saybrook, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Old Saybrook, Connecticut (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Old Saybrook, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13 and the information on pages 66 through 79 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the trend information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules on pages 80 through 96 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The trend information on pages 97 and 98 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Mahoney Sabol + Coupany, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 21, 2020, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants Glastonbury, Connecticut

January 21, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

As management of the Town of Old Saybrook, Connecticut (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$64,807,638 (net position). Of this amount, \$17,583,921 represents a deficit in the Town's unrestricted net position.
- The Town's total net position increased by \$883,952 during the current fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,056,829, an increase of \$818,851 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$6,971,610 or 15.5% of total General Fund budgetary expenditures. Expressed another way, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was sufficient to cover 1.9 months of General Fund budgetary expenditures.
- The Town's total long-term debt, excluding capital leases, decreased by \$2,765,532 or 9.4% during the current fiscal year due to scheduled debt service payments. The Town's short-term debt consisting of interim funding obligations from the State of Connecticut increased by \$1,093,428.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities, with net position as the residual of these elements. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements display information about the Town's governmental activities which include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, health and welfare, and education. The Town does not have any business-type activities. The government-wide financial statements include only the Town itself because there are no legally separate organizations for which the Town is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Capital Nonrecurring Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 19 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The town maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities. Because these services benefit governmental functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 22 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for government-wide financial statements. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 - 24 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25 - 65 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information other than this management's discussion and analysis that can be found on pages 66 through 79 of this report. Combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules can be found on pages 80 through 96 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

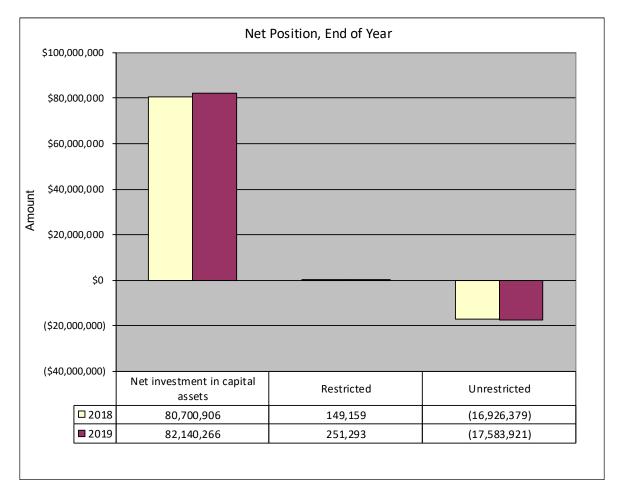
Over time, net position may serve as one measure of a government's financial position. Total net position of the Town totaled \$64,807,638 as of June 30, 2019 and \$63,923,686 as of June 30, 2018, and is summarized as follows. Certain reclassifications have been made to the amounts reported as of June 30, 2018 to conform to the current year presentation.

	2019	2018	\$ Variance	% Variance
Current and other assets	\$ 21,659,807	\$ 24,490,340	\$ (2,830,533)	-12%
Capital assets, net	105,824,439	108,020,824	(2,196,385)	-2%
Total assets	127,484,246	132,511,164	(5,026,918)	-14%
Deferred outflows of resources	4,502,783	4,382,953	119,830	3%
Current liabilities	10,105,650	9,036,574	1,069,076	12%
Long-term liabilities	48,199,155	50,105,557	(1,906,402)	-4%
Total liabilities	58,304,805	59,142,131	(837,326)	8%
Deferred inflows of resources	8,874,586	13,828,300	(4,953,714)	-36%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	82,140,266	80,700,906	1,439,360	2%
Restricted	251,293	149,159	102,134	68%
Unrestricted	(17,583,921)	(16,926,379)	(657,542)	4%
Total net position	\$ 64,807,638	\$ 63,923,686	\$ 883,952	74%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)



Of the Town's net position, 126.7% reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Less than 1.0% of the Town's net position is subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and are therefore presented as restricted net position.

The remainder of the Town's net position represents an unrestricted deficit.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Changes in Net Position

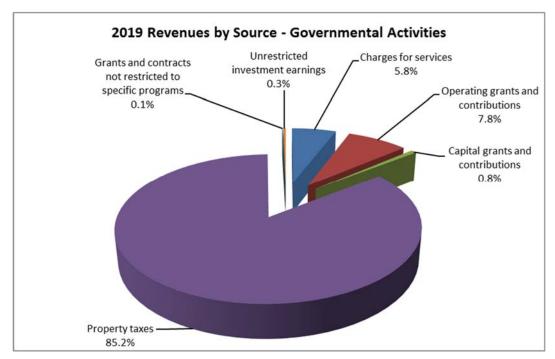
Changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows.

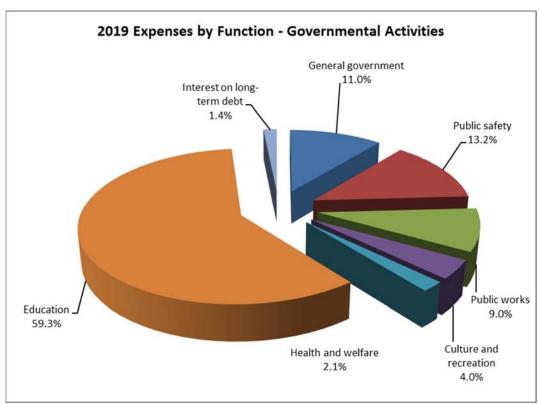
	 2019		2018		\$ Variance	% Variance
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 3,005,572	\$	4,692,714	\$	(1,687,142)	-36%
Operating grants and contributions	4,122,746		7,211,375		(3,088,629)	-43%
Capital grants and contributions	397,795		2,352,339		(1,954,544)	-83%
General revenues:						
Property taxes	44,464,048		44,232,530		231,518	1%
Grants and contracts	46,146		21,055		25,091	119%
Unrestricted investment earnings	 167,549	-	152,835		14,714	10%
Total revenues	 52,203,856		58,662,848		(6,458,992)	-11%
Program expenses:						
General government	5,628,826		6,700,562		(1,071,736)	-16%
Public safety	6,756,832		6,813,644		(56,812)	-1%
Public works	4,610,952		5,611,840		(1,000,888)	-18%
Culture and recreation	2,042,801		2,025,599		17,202	1%
Health and welfare	1,062,771		1,030,028		32,743	3%
Education	30,407,132		32,575,567		(2,168,435)	-7%
Interest	 810,590		793,260		17,330	2%
Total expenses	 51,319,904		55,550,500		(4,230,596)	-8%
Change in net position	\$ 883,952	\$	3,112,348	\$	(2,228,396)	-3%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$883,952. Revenues generated by the Town decreased by \$6,458,992 and expenses decreased by \$4,230,596, when compared to the prior year.

Revenues and expenses recognized for the amount of pension and OPEB expense recognized by the State of Connecticut in connection with the Town's participation in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System decreased by \$3,303,955. This had a direct impact on the decrease in operating grants and education expenses reported by the Town for the current fiscal year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,056,829, an increase of \$818,851 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 96.9%, or \$7,805,536, of this total amount is unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) and is available for spending at the Town's discretion.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,971,610, while total fund balance was \$7,468,973. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total budgetary expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 15.5% of total General Fund budgetary expenditures. Expressed another way, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was sufficient to cover 1.9 months of General Fund budgetary expenditures.

The fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$819,007 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary Fund

The internal service funds' net position decreased by \$94,557 this year. The fund maintains a positive net position of \$69,950.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of \$2,827,675 as of June 30, 2019, an increase in the fund balance of \$451,026 from the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS (Continued)

Capital Nonrecurring Fund

The Capital Nonrecurring Fund has a fund deficit of \$3,606,511 as of June 30, 2019, a decrease in the fund balance of \$555,134 from the prior year. This decrease is attributable to expenditures incurred for the sewer avoidance project.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Town's original budget did not contemplate the use of fund balance to balance revenues and expenditures. The Town authorized additional appropriations from balance in the amount of \$238,966. The actual net change in the fund balance of the General Fund on a budgetary basis was an increase of \$764,700. Expenditures were \$493,441 lower than budgeted and revenues were \$759,225 higher than budgeted. The Town authorized to transfer a portion of this budgetary surplus in the amount of \$249,000 into a Debt Service Stabilization Fund to offset future fluctuations in debt service. The favorable revenue variance was primarily derived from better than budgeted collections on property taxes levied and receipts from charges for services.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019 totaled \$105,824,439 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and land improvements, construction in progress, buildings, building improvements, machinery & equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. The Town's investment in capital assets decreased \$2,196,385 over the prior year.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- outlays pertaining to the Main Street Park project of approximately \$83 thousand,
- outlays pertaining to the chambers repairs project of approximately \$95 thousand,
- outlays pertaining to the KHCAC pillar repair project of approximately \$96 thousand,
- outlays pertaining to the reclamation of Bokum Road of approximately \$390 thousand,
- outlays pertaining to the installation of sidewalks of approximately \$243 thousand, and
- outlays pertaining to the purchase of a backhoe loader of approximately \$131 thousand.

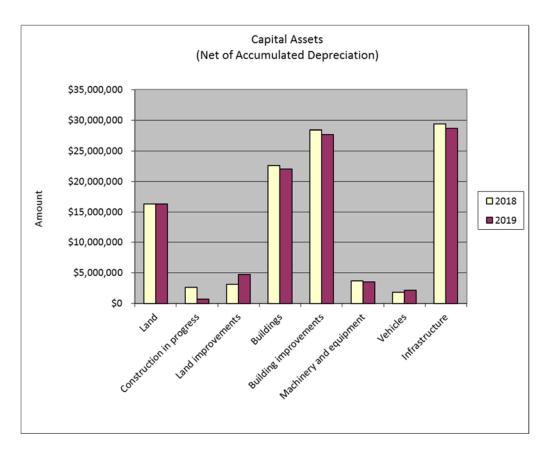
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The following table is a two year comparison of the investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:

	 2019	 2018
Land	\$ 16,323,231	\$ 16,323,231
Construction in progress	689,298	2,649,115
Land improvements	4,756,892	3,093,822
Buildings	22,027,313	22,628,094
Building improvements	27,713,358	28,388,888
Machinery and equipment	3,536,161	3,681,221
Vehicles	2,104,090	1,852,658
Infrastructure	28,674,096	 29,403,795
Totals	\$ 105,824,439	\$ 108,020,824



Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total debt outstanding, excluding capital lease obligations, of \$26,748,588, all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The Town's total long-term principal debt decreased by \$2,765,532 or 9.4% during the current fiscal year due to scheduled debt service payments.

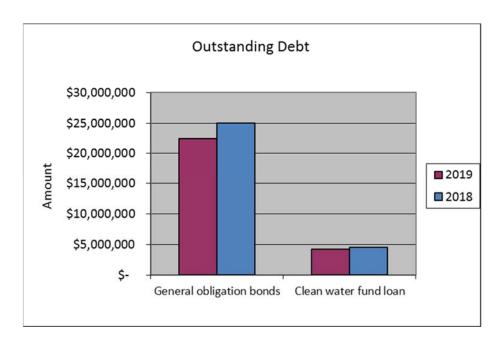
The Town's capital plan is established to control the level of capital expenditures and debt service expenditures in order to maintain a level amount of debt service expenditures and to avoid any sharp increase in property tax rates. Debt levels are managed to ensure that debt service requirements of new debt reasonable coincide with the normal amortization of existing debt service expenditures.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue to seven times its annual receipts from taxation, as defined by the statutes. The current debt limitation for the Town is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

The following tables are a two year comparison of long-term debt:

General obligation bonds
Clean water fund loan
Totals

 2019	2018
\$ 22,465,000	\$ 24,975,000
 4,283,588	 4,539,120
\$ 26,748,588	\$ 29,514,120



Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Concluded)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

A summary of key economic factors affecting the Town are as follows:

- Significant estimates affecting next year's budget that are subject to change in the near term consist of the following:
 - o For purposes of calculating property tax revenues for fiscal year 2020, the assessor's grand list was used along with an estimated tax rate, and an estimated rate of collection, with deductions for taxes to be paid by the State on behalf of certain taxpayers.
 - o Intergovernmental grants were based on estimates from the State.
 - o It is unknown how changes in market interest rates will impact real estate activity and related revenues collected by the Town Clerk and the amount of conveyance taxes and interest income.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for fiscal year 2020. The Town's fiscal year 2020 General Fund budget was approved on May 6, 2019. The fiscal year 2020 budget contemplated expenditures of \$46,520,189, an increase of \$915,109 or 2.01% over the original fiscal year 2019 budgeted expenditures.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Department, Town of Old Saybrook, 302 Main Street, Old Saybrook, Connecticut 06475.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,150,836
Investments	22,498
Receivables:	424 522
Property taxes	421,523
Interest on property taxes	151,464
Assessments Grants and contracts	2,611,779
Other	26,919
Other	77,616 10,665
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,005,584
Restricted investments	180,923
Noncurrent assets:	100,323
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable	17,012,529
Depreciable, net	88,811,910
Total assets	127,484,246
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	, , , ,
Deferred charges on refundings	766,426
Deferred charges on pension expense	3,301,814
Deferred charges on OPEB expense	434,543
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,502,783
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,903,638
Accrued liabilities:	
Salaries and benefits payable	79,209
Accrued interest	251,647
Other	18,100
Interim financing obligation	6,716,165
Unearned revenue	93,485
Performance bonds	1,043,406
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	3,129,930
Due in more than one year	45,069,225
Total liabilities	58,304,805
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charges on pension expense	6,590,457
Deferred charges on OPEB expense	1,714,175
Advance tax collections	569,954
Total deferred inflows of resources	8,874,586
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	82,140,266
Restricted for:	
Endowments:	
Nonexpendable	5,000
Expendable	1,059
Marina partnership bonds	143,100
Grant programs	102,134
Unrestricted	(17,583,921)
Total net position	\$ 64,807,638

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net (Expense)

			Program Revenues							
			,	hausas fau		Operating	_	Capital	_	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services			irants and Intributions	_	rants and ntributions	G	overnmental Activities
Primary Government:		<u> </u>								
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	5,628,826	\$	853,862	\$	294,952	\$	-	\$	(4,480,012)
Public safety		6,756,832		346,560		194,405		-		(6,215,867)
Public works		4,610,952		319,543		471,190		397,795		(3,422,424)
Culture and recreation		2,042,801		499,695		44,192		-		(1,498,914)
Health and welfare		1,062,771		100,591		108,700		-		(853,480)
Education		30,407,132		885,321		3,009,307		-		(26,512,504)
Interest expense		810,590						-		(810,590)
Total governmental activities	\$	51,319,904	\$	3,005,572	\$	4,122,746	\$	397,795		(43,793,791)
		ral revenues: operty taxes, lev	ied for	general nurno	202					44,464,048
		ants and contrib				ific programs				46,146
		restricted inves			o spec	anc programs				167,549
	O.	Total general re		-						44,677,743
		Total general re								,6,.
	Change in net position									883,952
	Net position - beginning									63,923,686
			Net p	osition - endin	g				\$	64,807,638

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Capital onrecurring Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	9,731,011	\$	2,967,080	\$	2,961,152	\$	1,410,499	\$	17,069,742	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,005,584	Ş	2,967,080	Ş	2,961,152	Ş	1,410,499	Ş	1,005,584	
Investments	1,005,564		_		_		22,498		22,498	
Restricted investments	180,923		_		_		22,438		180,923	
Receivables:	180,923		_		_		_		180,923	
Property taxes	421,523		_		_		_		421,523	
Interest on property taxes	151,464		_		_				151,464	
Assessments	131,404		2,611,779						2,611,779	
Grants and contracts			2,011,779		_		26,919		26,919	
Other	59,768		_		_		14,625		74,393	
Due from other funds	53,030		_		249,000		14,023		302,030	
Total assets	\$ 11,603,303	\$	5,578,859	Ś	3.210.152	\$	1,474,541	Ś	21,866,855	
Total assets	3 11,003,303	<u>ب</u>	3,376,639	,	3,210,132		1,474,341	,	21,800,833	
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$ 1,697,232	\$	45,094	\$	100,266	\$	46,453	\$	1,889,045	
Accrued liabilities:										
Salaries and benefits payable	60,282		-		232		18,695		79,209	
Other	17,164		-		-		936		18,100	
Interim financing obligation	-		-		6,716,165		-		6,716,165	
Performance bonds	1,043,406		-		-		-		1,043,406	
Due to other funds	249,000		42,241		-		350		291,591	
Unearned revenue	-		52,070		-		41,415		93,485	
Total liabilities	3,067,084		139,405		6,816,663		107,849		10,131,001	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes and interest	497,292		-		_		-		497,292	
Unavailable revenue - assessments	-		2,611,779		-		-		2,611,779	
Advance tax collections	569,954		-		-		-		569,954	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,067,246		2,611,779		-		-		3,679,025	
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable	_		_		_		5,000		5,000	
Restricted	143,100		_		_		103,193		246,293	
Committed	354,263		2,827,675		3,109,654		1,258,499		7,550,091	
Unassigned	6,971,610		2,827,073		(6,716,165)		-		255,445	
Total fund balances	7,468,973		2,827,675		(3,606,511)		1,366,692		8,056,829	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	7,400,373		2,027,073	-	(3,000,311)	-	1,300,032		0,030,023	
resources and fund balances	\$ 11,603,303	Ś	5.578.859	Ś	3,210,152	\$	1,474,541	\$	21.866.855	
, 2000, 200 0, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10	+ 12,000,000		2,0.0,000		3,223,232					

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balance for governmental funds			\$ 8,056,829
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land	\$	16,323,231	
Construction in progress		689,298	
Land improvements		6,339,710	
Buildings		43,360,555	
Building improvements		34,368,658	
Machinery and equipment		6,309,112	
Vehicles		7,659,361	
Infrastructure		45,285,552	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(54,511,038)	
Total capital assets, net			105,824,439
Some of the Town's taxes and assessments will be collected after year end,			
but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures,			
and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the government	al fun	nds	3,109,071
and, therefore, are reported as deterred limows of resources in the government	ai i uii		3,103,071
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources resulting from changes in the componer	nts		
of the net pension and total OPEB liabilities are reported in the statement of net position.			(4,568,275)
of flet position.			(4,308,273)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Town's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported			
in the statement of net position. Those liabilities consist of:			
Accrued interest payable		(251,647)	
Long-term debt:		, , ,	
Bonds payable, net		(23,504,313)	
Deferred charges on refunding		766,426	
Other long-term liabilities:			
Notes payable		(4,283,588)	
Capital lease obligations		(447,863)	
Compensated absences		(907,708)	
Heart and hypertension		(200,000)	
Net pension liabilities		(8,315,172)	
Total OPEB liability		(10,540,511)	
Total long-term liabilities			(47,684,376)
An internal corpice fund is used by the Town to shares the cost of risk			
An internal service fund is used by the Town to charge the cost of risk			
management activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the governmental activities			
statement of net position.			69,950
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 64,807,638

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Capital Nonrecurring Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	44,516,591	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,516,591
Intergovernmental		4,756,675		215,066		417,317		828,179		6,217,237
Charges for services		1,246,785		649,281		2,987		1,583,024		3,482,077
Contributions		-		-		-		133,874		133,874
Investment income		161,633		-		5,481		175		167,289
Other				131,600				115,870		247,470
Total revenues		50,681,684		995,947		425,785		2,661,122		54,764,538
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		3,604,265		-		295,085		30,759		3,930,109
Public safety		5,739,277		-		-		472,233		6,211,510
Public works		3,131,680		-		1,298,022		-		4,429,702
Culture and recreation		1,726,394		-		-		294,722		2,021,116
Health and welfare		677,961		-		-		219,752		897,713
Education		30,085,372		-		-		1,442,125		31,527,497
Capital outlays		11,040		1,082,987		154		-		1,094,181
Debt service:										
Principal payments		2,764,559		205,198		-		5,102		2,974,859
Interest and fiscal charges		764,515		57,082		-		-		821,597
Total expenditures		48,505,063		1,345,267		1,593,261		2,464,693		53,908,284
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures		2,176,621		(349,320)		(1,167,476)		196,429		856,254
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		810,122		836,542		12,571		1,659,235
Transfers out		(1,357,614)		(9,776)		(224,200)		(105,048)		(1,696,638)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,357,614)		800,346		612,342		(92,477)		(37,403)
Net change in fund balances		819,007		451,026		(555,134)		103,952		818,851
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted		6,649,966		2,376,649		(3,051,377)		1,262,740		7,237,978
Fund balances - ending	\$	7,468,973	\$	2,827,675	\$	(3,606,511)	\$	1,366,692	\$	8,056,829

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 818,851
Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation and amortization expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period is as follows:		
Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation and amortization expense Net adjustment	\$ 1,225,469 (3,421,854)	(2,196,385)
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension liability and total OPEB liability are amortized as a component of pension and OPEB expense in the statement of activities.		1,062,399
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations is as follows:		
Principal repayments: Bonds and notes payable Capital lease obligations Net adjustment	2,765,532 209,327	2,974,859
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows:		
Accrued interest Amortization of deferred charges on refunding Amortization of bond premium Compensated absences Heart and hypertension Net pension liabilities Total OPEB liability	(61,018) (81,129) 153,154 6,821 70,937 (2,215,211) 915,842	
Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current	3 23,6 .2	(1,210,604)
financial resources and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. This amount represents the change in unavailable revenue	25	(470,611)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		
service fund is reported within the governmental activities.		 (94,557)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 883,952

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	81,094
Receivables		3,223
Other		10,665
Total current assets		94,982
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		14,593
Due to other funds		10,439
Total current liabilities		25,032
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted		69,950
Total net position	\$	69,950

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	
	Internal	
	Service Funds	
OPERATING REVNEUES		
Charges for services	\$	30,529
Total operating revenues		30,529
OPERATING EXPENSES Cost of services		162,489
Total operating expenses		162,489
Operating loss		(131,960)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Transfer in		37,403
Change in net position		(94,557)
Net position - beginning		164,507
Net position - ending	\$	69,950

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 	
Cash received for charges for services	\$ 52,306	
Cash payments for cost of services	 (170,101)	
Net cash used in operating activities	(117,795)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund activity	23,793	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(94,002)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	175,096	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 81,094	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$ (131,960)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable	21,777	
Increase in other current assets	(4,020)	
Decrease in accounts payable	 (3,592)	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (117,795)	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Pension Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Fund - Scholarship Fund		Agency Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,985,772	\$	113,649	\$	254,717
Investments:						
Corporate bonds		7,420,358		-		-
U.S. Treasury securities		783,627		-		-
Equity securities		10,755,851		-		-
Exchange traded funds		3,378,130		17,274		-
Mutual funds		132,672		328,381		100,779
Total assets		24,456,410		459,304	\$	355,496
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		84		-	\$	1,341
Due to student groups		-		-		286,696
Due to others		-		-		67,459
Total liabilities		84		-	\$	355,496
NET POSITION						
Held in trust for pension benefits						
and other purposes	\$	24,456,326	\$	459,304		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Pension Trust Funds	Private Purpose Trust Fund - Scholarship Fund
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$	741,872	\$ -
Plan members		328,653	-
Private donations		-	5,185
Total contributions		1,070,525	5,185
Investment earnings: Net change in the fair			
value of investments		1,158,717	(17,089)
Interest and dividends		568,877	23,751
Total investment earnings		1,727,594	6,662
Less: investment fee expense		(171,673)	(2,456)
Net change in investments	-	1,555,921	4,206
wet change in investments	-	1,333,321	4,200
Total additions		2,626,446	9,391
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefit payments		1,807,401	-
Awards expense		-	52,894
Administrative expenses		42,647	
Total deductions		1,850,048	52,894
Change in net position		776,398	(43,503)
Net position - beginning		23,679,928	502,807
Net position - ending	\$	24,456,326	\$ 459,304

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Old Saybrook, Connecticut (the "Town"), conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applicable to governmental organizations. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town was incorporated in 1854. The Town covers 18.3 square miles and is located in Middlesex County. The Town operates under a Town Meeting/Board of Selectman/Board of Finance form of government and provides a full range of services including public safety (police and fire), public works, sanitation, parks and recreation, health and social services, planning and zoning, and education.

The legislative power of the Town is with the Board of Selectman and Town Meeting. The Board of Selectman may enact, amend or repeal ordinance and resolutions. The Board of Finance is responsible for financial and taxation matters as prescribed by Connecticut General Statutes and is responsible for presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town Meeting approval.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations which by nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Town has determined that there are no agencies or entities, which should be presented within the Town's financial statements based on these criteria.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town and include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. The statements are intended to distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The Town has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund -This capital projects fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the Town's various multi-year capital projects funded primarily by debt issuances.

Capital Nonrecurring Fund - This fund accounts for the financial revenues to be used for major capital asset construction and/or purchases funded substantially by grants and General Fund appropriations.

In addition, the Town reports the following major proprietary and fiduciary fund types:

Internal Service Fund - This fund accounts for activities that provide goods or services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the Town on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Pension Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the Town's defined benefit pension plans. The Town utilizes these funds to account for activities of the following plans: Town Pension Trust Fund and the Fire Company #1 Pension Trust Fund.

Private Purpose Trust Fund - This fund type is used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. As the designated trustee or agent, the Town utilizes the assets of the private purpose trust funds in capacity stipulated in the related trust agreement.

Agency Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity. The Town utilizes these funds to account for assets of various student activity groups, land use performance bonds and other purposes. The student activities fund accounts for monies generated by student activities in the Town's school system. The land use performance bond fund accounts for monies received to ensure that driveways and lawns are installed to correct specifications for new construction.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency Funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are susceptible to accrual, that is, when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Property taxes, grants and contracts, and interest associated with the current period are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the Town. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is available to be received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received.

The pension trust funds and private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

Implementation of Accounting Standards

Effective July 1, 2018, the Town adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. The adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the Town's financial statements.

Effective July 1, 2018, the Town adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. GASB Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). The Statement established criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. The adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the Town's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are measured by the Town at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices), except for investments in participating interest-earning investment contracts as described below.

Investments in participating interest-earning investment contracts consist of negotiable certificates of deposit. Investments in these types of contracts, which have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, are measured by the Town at amortized costs.

Investments in the Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) are managed by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office. Investments in these funds, which are permitted to measure their investment holdings at amortized costs, are measured by the Town at net asset value per share as determined by the pool.

Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments are for performance bonds and endowment purposes. Performance bonds are restricted until the monies are returned to the vendor after satisfactory completion of contract or the Town calls the bond for nonperformance. The endowment amounts are reflected in net position as restricted for other purposes. Endowment investment income is approved for expenditure by the individual Boards responsible for each fund.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and are levied on the following July 1. Real estate and personal property taxes are due in two installments, July 1 and the following January 1. Motor vehicle and personal property taxes are billed in July and are due in one installment, July 1. Supplemental motor vehicle taxes are due in full January 1. Taxes become delinquent thirty days after the installment is due and liens are filed on delinquent real estate taxes within one year. The Town has not establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts.

In the fund financial statements, all property taxes receivable which have not been collected within 60 days of June 30 have been recorded as deferred inflow of resources, since they are not considered to be available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal year. Taxes collected during the 60 day period have been recorded as revenue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, and sidewalks), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 for vehicles, machinery and equipment, \$20,000 for improvements and \$75,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of a capital asset or materially extend capital asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50-100
Building improvements	20-100
Land improvements	20-100
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5-8
Infrastructure	30
Intangible assets	30-50

Unearned Revenue

This liability represents resources that have been received but not yet earned.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources represent an acquisition or composition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow or outflow of resources until that time.

Deferred outflows of resources consists of deferred charges on refundings and deferred charges on pension expenses. Deferred charges on refunding are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. This amount is being amortized to interest expense using the effective-interest method over the life of the related bonds. Deferred charges on pension and OPEB expenses are also reported in the government-wide statement of net position. These amounts are amortized as a component of pension or OPEB expense on a systematic and rational basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Deferred inflows of resources consist of revenue that is considered unavailable under the modified accrual basis of accounting and deferred charges on pension and OPEB expenses. Unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet and is recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred charges on pension and OPEB expenses are reported in the government-wide statement of net position and are amortized as a component of pension and OPEB expenses on a systematic and rational basis.

Compensated Absences and Employee Retirement Obligations

Employees accumulate by a prescribed formula for absence due to vacation and sickness based upon the various union contracts and the Town's personnel policies. The eligibility for sick pay in some instances does vest. The General Fund is the primary source to liquidate compensated absences. Expenses to be paid in the future periods are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for amounts expected to be paid with available resources; for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance cost, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position and Fund Balances

The statement of net position presents the Town's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities, with net position as the residual of these elements. Net position reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted net position - This component of net position consists of amounts whose use is restricted either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or through restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. None of the Town's restricted net position is restricted through enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Unrestricted net position - This component of net position is the net amount of assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows of resources which do not meet the definition of the preceding two categories.

The Town's governmental funds report the following fund balance categories:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Constraints placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through enabling legislation.

Committed - Amounts can be only used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town and cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes or changes the specified use by taking the same formal action.

Assigned - Amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted or committed. Amounts may be constrained to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

Unassigned - Residual classification for the General Fund or amounts necessary in other governmental funds to eliminate otherwise negative fund balance amounts in the other four categories.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Finance has provided otherwise in its commitment or assigned actions.

Donor-restricted endowments - The Town has received certain endowments for the perpetual care of the Upper Cemetery. The amounts are reflected in net position as restricted for perpetual care. Investment income is approved for expenditure by the board of the benefiting activity. There was \$1,059 of appreciation available for appropriation at June 30, 2019.

Interfund Activities

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Activities (Continued)

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a restricted fund balance designation (non-spendable) in the General Fund and by a restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance designation of other governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Interfund Services Provided and Used

Sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value are reported as revenues and expenditures, or expenses, in the applicable funds.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

Interfund Reimbursements

Interfund reimbursements represent repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures funding the fiscal year. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Cash Deposits – Custodial Credit Risk</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town's policy provides for uninsured demand and time deposits with banks and savings and loan institutions to be collateralized as prescribed in the Connecticut general statutes, as described below. In addition, in order to anticipate market changes and provide for a level of security for all funds, all public deposits shall be held in qualified public depositories. As of June 30, 2019, \$15,219,684 of the Town's bank balance of \$15,719,684 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 13,697,716
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging	
bank's trust department or agent but not in the Town's name	1,521,968
	\$ 15,219,684

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Cash Deposits – Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)</u>

All of the Town's deposits were in qualified public institutions as defined by Connecticut general statutes. Under these statutes, any bank holding public deposits must at all times maintain, segregated from its other assets, eligible collateral in an amount equal to a certain percentage of its public deposits. The applicable percentage is determined based on the bank's risk-based capital ratio. The amount of public deposits is determined based on either the public deposits reported on the most recent quarterly call report, or the average of the public deposits reported on the four most recent quarterly call reports, whichever is greater. The collateral is kept in the custody of the trust department of either the pledging bank or another bank in the name of the pledging bank.

A reconciliation of the Town's cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2019 is a follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents (includes restricted)	\$ 18,156,420
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	 2,354,138
	20,510,558
Add, cortificates of deposit considered each deposits	
Add: certificates of deposit considered cash deposits	202 421
for disclosure purposes	203,421
Less: cash equivalents considered investments	(5.030.440)
for disclosure purposes	 (5,820,418)
	\$ 14,893,561
<u>Investments</u>	
A reconciliation of the Town's investments as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:	
Government-wide statement of net position:	
Investments (includes restricted)	\$ 203,421
Statement of fiduciary net position:	·
Investments	22,917,072
	 23,120,493
Add: cash equivalents considered investments	
for disclosure purposes	5,820,418
Less: certificates of deposit considered as cash deposits	
for disclosure purposes	 (203,421)
	\$ 28,737,490

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

As of June 30, 2019, the Town's investments consisted of the following:

				Investment	Maturities	
				(In Yo	ears)	
	Valuation		Less			More
Investment type	Basis	Value	Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	Than 10
Debt Securities:	_					
Governmental Activities:						
Short-term Investment Fund	Net asset value	\$ 4,128,898	\$ 4,128,898	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fiduciary Funds:						
Money market mutual funds	Net asset value	1,691,520	1,691,520	-	-	-
U.S. Treasury securities	Fair value	783,627	94,429	415,377	273,821	-
Corporate bonds	Fair value	7,420,358	956,377	5,347,113	1,116,868	
		14,024,403	\$ 6,871,224	\$ 5,762,490	\$ 1,390,689	\$ -
Other investments:						
Fiduciary Funds:						
Mutual funds	Fair value	561,832				
Exchange traded funds	Fair value	3,395,404				
Equity securities	Fair value	10,755,851				
		\$ 28,737,490				

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. The Town's investments in mutual funds are not evidenced by securities and are therefore not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices beyond those already limited by Connecticut state statutes. Connecticut state statutes permit no Town to invest in: (1) obligations of the United States, including its instrumentalities and agencies; (2) in obligations of any state or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top two rating categories of any recognized rating services; (3) in shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money markets and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net assets values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase fully collateralized by such obligations; (4) or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or of any political subdivision thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top three rating categories of any recognized rating service. Other provisions if the statues cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued)

The provisions of the statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore, the investments of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable pension plan.

The Town's investments in debt securities, whose ratings are required to be disclosed, were rated by Standard & Poor's as follows at June 30, 2019:

Investment type	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	ВВ	B	Unrated
Governmental Activities							
Short-term Investment Fund	\$ 4,128,898	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fiduciary Funds:							
Money market mutual funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,691,520
Corporate bonds	105,915	610,712	2,565,601	2,616,288	1,228,912	292,930	-

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Town's investment policy generally restricts investments in any one issuer that is in excess of 10%. In addition, the Town's policy defines other limitations in an effort to avoid incurring unreasonable inherent risk of overconcentration in specific instruments, individual issuers or maturities. As of June 30, 2019, more than 10% of the Town's governmental activities investments are invested in the Short-term Investment Fund (100%). As of June 30, 2019, more than 10% of the Town's fiduciary investments are invested in the ISHARES Core S&P 500 ETF (14%).

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, as of the measurement date. Authoritative guidance establishes a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (also referred to as observable inputs). The Town classifies its assets and liabilities measured at fair value into Level 1 (securities valued using quoted prices from active markets for identical assets), Level 2 (securities not traded on an active market for which market inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly), and Level 3 (securities valued based on unobservable inputs). Investments are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The Town's financial assets that are accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2019, by level within the fair value hierarchy are presented in the table below.

Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value	Prices in Active Significant Other Market Observable Input (Level 1) (Level 2)		ervable Inputs	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Fiduciary Funds:		_		_	
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	783,627	\$	-	\$ -
Corporate bonds		-		7,420,358	-
Mutual funds		561,832		-	-
Exchange traded funds		3,395,404		-	-
Equity securities		10,755,851		-	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Mutual funds, exchange traded funds and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Beginning Balance		Increases Decre		creases Transfers			Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities	<u> </u>								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	16,323,231	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 16,323,231	
Construction in progress		2,649,115	 284,741		-		(2,244,558)	689,298	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		18,972,346	284,741		-		(2,244,558)	17,012,529	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Land improvements		4,485,580	6,520		-		1,847,610	6,339,710	
Buildings		43,360,555	-		-		-	43,360,555	
Building improvements		34,352,048	16,610		-		-	34,368,658	
Machinery and equipment		6,155,277	153,835		-		-	6,309,112	
Vehicles		7,131,188	131,225		-		396,948	7,659,361	
Infrastructure		44,653,014	632,538		-		-	 45,285,552	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		140,137,662	 940,728		-		2,244,558	 143,322,948	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:									
Land improvements		1,381,020	201,798		-		-	1,582,818	
Buildings		20,732,461	600,781		-		-	21,333,242	
Building improvements		5,963,160	692,140		-		-	6,655,300	
Machinery and equipment		2,474,056	298,895		-		-	2,772,951	
Vehicles		5,278,530	276,741		-		-	5,555,271	
Infrastructure		15,259,957	1,351,499		-		-	16,611,456	
Total accumulated depreciation and								 	
amortization		51,089,184	 3,421,854		-			 54,511,038	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		89,048,478	 (2,481,126)		-		2,244,558	 88,811,910	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	108,020,824	\$ (2,196,385)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 105,824,439	

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 1,561,464
Public safety	616,934
Public works	161,447
Culture and recreation	162,641
Health and Welfare	4,671
Education	914,697
Total depreciation and amortization expense -	
governmental activities	\$ 3,421,854

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	Capital Projects Funds	\$ 42,241
	Internal Service Funds	10,439
	Other Governmental Funds	350
		53,030
Capital Nonrecurring Fund	General Fund	249,000
		\$ 302,030

The above balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
Governmental Funds:		
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$ 575,753
	Capital Nonrecurring Fund	204,200
	Other Governmental Funds	 30,169
		810,122
Capital Nonrecurring Fund	General Fund	764,458
	Other Governmental Funds	72,084
		836,542
Other Governmental Funds	Capital Projects Fund	9,776
	Other Governmental Funds	2,795
		12,571
		\$ 1,659,235
Proprietary Funds:		
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	\$ 17,403
	Capital Nonrecurring Fund	 20,000
		\$ 37,403

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them, to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

During November 2014, the State of Connecticut approved funding (the "Project Loan") for costs associated with the sewer avoidance project under the State of Connecticut's Clean Water Fund. Maximum borrowings available under the Project Loan are \$11,698,278. Loan advances are received in the form of interim funding obligations. Each interim funding obligation bears an interest rate of 2.06%, with principal and accrued interest due no later than six months following the scheduled completion date of the project. The Town intends to retire all principal and accrued interest outstanding on the interim funding obligation through the issuance of long-term debt (see Note 15). Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	 Balance	Increases	Dec	reases	 Balance
Interim Funding Obligation:					
Clean Water Fund Project #673C	\$ 5,622,737	\$ 1,093,428	\$	-	\$ 6,716,165

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The applicable accounting standards define debt as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash, or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash, in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. For disclosure purposes, debt does not include accounts payable or leases, except for contracts reported as financed purchase of the underlying asset.

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Beginning						Ending	D	ue Within
	Balance	Inc	reases	ises Decreases Balance (Decreases Balance		One Year	
Governmental Activities									
Bonds payable:									
General obligation bonds	\$ 24,975,000	\$	-	\$	(2,510,000)	\$	22,465,000	\$	2,470,000
Unamortized premium	1,192,467				(153,154)		1,039,313		
Total bonds payable	26,167,467		-		(2,663,154)		23,504,313		2,470,000
Direct borrowings:									
Clean water fund loans	4,539,120		-		(255,532)		4,283,588		260,691
Capital lease obligations	657,190		-		(209,327)		447,863		197,697
	\$ 31,363,777	\$		\$	(3,128,013)	\$	28,235,764	\$	2,928,388

The above liabilities have typically been liquidated by the General Fund and collections from taxpayers for the sewer project.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds and Loans Payable

A summary of general obligation bonds and notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Date of	Original	Interest	Maturity	Amount
Purpose of Bonds	Issue	Issue	Rates	Date	Outstanding
Governmental Activities					
General Purpose					
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	12/2017	\$ 3,190,000	2.0% - 5.0%	08/2025	\$ 2,998,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	07/2016	7,540,000	2.0% - 4.0%	07/2033	7,540,000
General Obligation Bonds	12/2014	3,000,000	1.25% - 4.0%	12/2034	2,400,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	12/2013	2,340,000	2.0% - 4.0%	07/2023	1,275,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	10/2010	1,412,000	1.5% - 4.0%	08/2026	435,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	03/2009	5,650,000	2.0% - 4.25%	07/2023	375,000
					15,023,000
School Bonds					
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	12/2017	\$ 3,010,000	2.0% - 5.0%	08/2025	2,872,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	07/2016	2,435,000	2.0% - 4.0%	07/2033	2,435,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	10/2010	7,943,000	1.5% - 4.0%	08/2026	2,135,000
					7,442,000
					\$ 22,465,000
Loans Payable from Direct Borrowings					
Clean Water Loan - 116-CGO	11/2014	\$ 1,926,891	2.0%	10/2033	\$ 1,519,075
Clean Water Loan - 116-CSA	11/2014	3,506,685	2.0%	10/2033	2,764,513
					\$ 4,283,588

Authorized and Unissued Debt

As of June 30, 2019, the Town had authorized but unissued bonds totaling \$21,898,338 for various ongoing construction projects.

Legal Debt Limit

Connecticut General Statutes Section 7-374(b) provides that authorized debt of the Town shall not exceed seven times base receipts, as defined in the Statute. Further, the Statute limits the amount of debt that may be authorized by the Town for general purposes, schools, sewers, urban renewal and pension deficit. The Town did not exceed any of the statutory debt limitations at June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds and Loans Payable (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds and loans payable are as follows as of June 30, 2019:

		Governmental Activities								
Year ending		Bonds Pa	ayabl	le		Loans Payable				
June 30:		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2020	\$	2,470,000	\$	646,119	\$	260,691	\$	83,291	\$	3,460,101
2021		2,495,000		557,500		265,953		78,029		3,396,482
2022		2,205,000		472,050		271,321		72,660		3,021,031
2023		2,070,000		396,018		276,798		67,184		2,810,000
2024		2,085,000		321,936		282,384		61,597		2,750,917
2025-2029		6,140,000		918,184		1,499,754		220,155		8,778,093
2030-2034		4,850,000		313,822		1,426,687		63,903		6,654,412
2035	_	150,000		2,625		-		-		152,625
	\$	22,465,000	\$	3,628,254	\$	4,283,588	\$	646,819	\$	31,023,661

Advance Refunding

The Town has advanced refunded general obligation bonds in prior years. The difference between the reacquisition price (the amount placed in escrow) and the net carrying amount of the refunded bonds resulted in deferred charges on refundings in the amount of \$1,166,907. This amount, net of accumulated amortization of \$400,481, has been presented as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements and is being amortized to interest expense using the effective-interest method over the life of the new bonds. Amortization of deferred charges on refundings totaled \$81,129 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Capital Leases from Direct Borrowings

Capital leases from direct borrowings include non-appropriation clauses and provide the obligor with a security interest in the underlying equipment in the event of a default.

A summary of assets acquired through capital leases is as follows as of June 30, 2019:

	Gov	Governmental		
	A	ctivities		
Cost Basis	\$	927,655		
Less: accumulated amortization		116,663		
	\$	810,992		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Capital Leases from Direct Borrowings (Continued)

Amortization expense relative to leased property under capital leases totaled \$105,925 for the year ended June 30, 2019 and is included in depreciation and amortization expense disclosed in Note 4.

Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Year ending	Governmental				
June 30:	Activities				
2020	\$	204,238			
2021		204,239			
2022		49,234			
Total minimum lease payments		457,711			
Less: amount representing interest		9,848			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	447,863			

NOTE 9 - OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in other long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	E	Beginning						Ending	Du	e Within	
Governmental Activities		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance		One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	914,529	\$	64,058	\$	(70,879)	\$	907,708	\$	181,542	
Heart and Hypertension		270,937		-		(70,937)		200,000		20,000	
Net pension liability - Town (Note 11)		5,143,146		2,253,619		-		7,396,765		-	
Net pension liability - Fire (Note 11)		956,815		-		(38,408)		918,407		-	
Total OPEB liability (Note 12)		11,456,353				(915,842)		10,540,511			
	\$	18,741,780	\$	2,317,677	\$	(1,096,066)	\$	19,963,391	\$	201,542	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCE

The various components of fund balance at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	General	Capital Projects	Capital Nonrecurring	Nonmajor Governmental		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total	
Nonspendable:						
Permanent fund principal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	
Restricted for:						
Donor restrictions	-	-	-	1,059	1,059	
Performance bonds	143,100	-	-	-	143,100	
Grant programs	-	-	-	102,134	102,134	
Committed to:						
Dog fund	48,006	-	-	-	48,006	
Animal control fund	2,486	-	-	-	2,486	
Catastrophic illness fund	115,608	-	-	-	115,608	
Retirement payout fund	156,688	-	-	-	156,688	
Contingency fund	31,475	-	-	-	31,475	
Capital purposes	-	2,827,675	3,109,654	-	5,937,329	
General government	-	-	-	83,921	83,921	
Public safety	-	-	-	188,431	188,431	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	189,269	189,269	
Health and welfare	-	-	-	86,203	86,203	
Education	-	-	-	710,675	710,675	
Unassigned	6,971,610		(6,716,165)		255,445	
	\$ 7,468,973	\$ 2,827,675	\$ (3,606,511)	\$ 1,366,692	\$ 8,056,829	

As of June 30, 2019 the Capital Nonrecurring Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$3,606,511. This deficit does not constitute a violation of statutory provisions and is expected to be eliminated through future revenue sources, including the issuance of long-term debt.

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description

The Town administers two single employer, defined benefit pension plans (Town of Old Saybrook Retirement Plan and Town of Old Saybrook Fire Company #1 Retirement Plan). The Fire Company Plan covers the Town's volunteer firefighters. The Town Plan, adopted on July 1, 1967 by actions of the Board of Selectman, covers all other eligible employees. The Pension and Benefits Board makes recommendations for plan provisions which are approved by the Board of Selectman. The pension plans are included in the financial statements pension trust funds since the assets may be used to pay benefits or refunds of any plan member or beneficiary. Separate, stand-alone reports are not issued.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Plans are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plans are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plans.

Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at their fair values as determined by the custodian under the direction of the Town, with the assistance of a valuation service. Investment income is recognized when earned and gains and losses on sales or exchanges are recognized on the transaction date.

Investment policy - The pension plans' policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Pension and Benefits Board. It is the policy of the Town's Pension and Benefits Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes.

Concentrations - The Plans' investments were subject to concentration risk as of June 30, 2019 as more than 5.0% of the total assets for each pension plan was invested with one issuer, ISHARES Core S&P 500 ETF. The Plan's investments that are explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments, are excluded from the concentration of credit risk disclosure requirements.

Rate of return - For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the Town Plan's and the Fire Plan's pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 6.81% and 6.15%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Administrative costs - Administrative costs of the Plans are funded through investment earnings of the Plans.

Plan Membership

Membership of the Plans consisted of the following as of at the date of the latest actuarial valuations:

	Town	Fire Company
	Plan	Plan
Active participants	112	78
Terminated vested and other inactive participants	15	13
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	85	23
	212	114

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Benefit Provisions

Town Plan

The plan's membership is open to substantially all Town employees with the exception of certified teachers and administrative personnel at the Board of Education. Administrative costs are financed from investment earnings.

The plan's normal retirement date of any police participant is the first day of the month coinciding with or next following the earlier of the member's 60th birthday or the attainment of 25 years of credited service. For any non-police participant, the normal retirement date shall be the first day of the month coinciding with or next following the earlier of the member's 62nd birthday and the completion of 5 years of credited service. The plan's early retirement date of any participant who is 55 years of age and has completed at least 15 years of credited service is the first day of any month on or after such date in which the participant elects to terminate employment and retire prior to his or her normal retirement date.

The retirement benefits at normal retirement:

Police participants with 25 or more years of credited service - 2% of participant's final average earnings multiplied by such participant's years of credited service. The maximum multiple for credited service is 35 years.

Police participants retiring prior to age 62 and have not completed 25 years of credited service:

- Benefit payable prior to attainment of age 62 2% of participant's final average earnings multiplied by such participant's years of credited service. The maximum multiple for credited service is 35 years.
- Benefit payable after attainment of age 62 1.5% of participant's final average earnings multiplied by such participant's years of credited service. The maximum multiple for credited service is 35 years.

Non-Police participants - 1.5% of participant's final average earnings multiplied by such participant's years of credited service prior to July 1, 1988 plus 2% of participant's final average earnings multiplied by such participant's years of credited service after June 30, 1988. The maximum multiple for credited service is 35 years.

The retirement benefits at early retirement:

Early retirement benefits are computed in accordance with the benefits under normal retirement date but shall be reduced by one-half percent (1/2%) for each month by which such participant's early retirement date precedes his or her normal retirement date.

Fire Company Plan

The plan covers substantially all active volunteers of the Old Saybrook Fire Company #1. In order to be eligible for the plan, the employee must complete one year of service. Administrative costs are financed from investment earnings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Benefit Provisions (Continued)

Fire Company Plan (Continued)

The retirement benefits at normal retirement:

The plan's normal retirement date of members in the plan is the first day of the month coinciding with or next following the member's 65th birthday. The normal retirement benefit received annually is as follows:

- Effective July 1, 2014 \$270 multiplied by years of credited service up to a maximum of 30 years.
- For members who retire after July 1, 2003 but prior to July 1, 2014 \$215 multiplied by years of credited service up to a maximum of 25 years.
- For members who retire prior to July 1, 2003 \$174 multiplied by years of credited service up to a maximum of 25 years.

The retirement benefits at early retirement:

The plan's early retirement date of any member who is 55 years of age and has completed at least 15 years of credited service is the first day of any subsequent month after election to retire by not later than his normal retirement date. Such benefit will be reduced by 6% per year for each year that early retirement date precedes normal retirement date.

Contributions

Employer - Recommended contributions to each of the plans are determined each year as part of the actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. For the year ended June 30, 2019, employer contributions to the Town Plan represented approximately 8.56% of covered payroll.

Employee - Members enrolled in the Town Plan are required to contribute 5% of earnings to the plan. Members enrolled in the Fire Plan are not required to contribute to the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Net Pension Liabilities

The components of the Town's net pension liability for each of its Plans as of June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Town		e Company
	 Plan		Plan
Total pension liability	\$ 30,546,355	\$	2,225,143
Plan fiduciary net position	 23,149,590		1,306,736
Town's net pension liability	\$ 7,396,765	\$	918,407
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage			
of the total pension liability	75.79%		58.73%

The components of the change in the net pension liability for both of the Town's Plans for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	То	tal Pension Liability		n Fiduciary et Position	ı	Net Pension Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Town Plan						
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	27,656,365	\$	22,513,219	\$	5,143,146
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		808,509		-		808,509
Interest		1,773,796		-		1,773,796
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		507,816		-		507,816
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		1,497,585		-		1,497,585
Contributions - employer		-		558,125		(558,125)
Contributions - employee		-		328,653		(328,653)
Net investment income		-		1,483,398		(1,483,398)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1,697,716)		(1,697,716)		-
Administrative expense		-		(36,089)		36,089
Net changes		2,889,990		636,371		2,253,619
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	30,546,355	\$	23,149,590	\$	7,396,765
Fire Company Plan						
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	2,123,524	\$	1,166,709	\$	956,815
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		52,166		-		52,166
Interest		159,138		-		159,138
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		-		-		-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		183,747		(183,747)
Net investment income		-		72,523		(72,523)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(109,685)		(109,685)		-
Administrative expense		_		(6,558)		6,558
Net changes		101,619		140,027		(38,408)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	2,225,143	\$	1,306,736	\$	918,407

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Net Pension Liabilities (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liabilities for the Town Plan and Fire Company Plan were determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2018 and July 1, 2017, respectively, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Town Plan	
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Graded salary growth with an ultimate rate of 2.75%
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Discount rate	5.85%
Fire Company Plan	
Inflation	3.00%
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Discount rate	7.50%

Mortality rates for the Town Plan were based on RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with generational projection per Scale AA. Mortality Rates for the Fire Plan were based on RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar adjustment, with static projection of future mortality improvements to 2019 per Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of returns on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in each of the plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-tern	TExpected		
Target A	llocation	Real Rate of Return			
Town	Fire Company	Town	Fire Company		
Plan	Plan	Plan	Plan		
2%	2%	3.1%	3.1%		
38%	38%	4.8%	4.8%		
60%	60%	6.3%	6.3%		
	Town Plan 2% 38%	Plan Plan 2% 2% 38% 38%	Target Allocation Real Rate Town Fire Company Town Plan Plan Plan 2% 2% 3.1% 38% 38% 4.8%		

Lang-term Evnected

Discount rate - The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability for the Town Plan and the Fire Plan was 5.85% and 7.50%, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that the Town's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Net Pension Liabilities (Continued)

Town Plan - Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be sufficient. The municipal bond rate of 3.50% used in the discount rate was determined from Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index. The discount rate was decreased to 5.85% from the 6.42% used in the prior year.

Fire Company Plan - Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rates of return on each Plan's investments were applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the plan's total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed above, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be for each of the Plans if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	carrent						
		1% Decrease		count Rate	1% Increase		
Town Plan - Net pension liability	\$	11,217,745	\$	7,396,765	\$	4,216,067	
Fire Company Plan - Net pension liability		1,165,587		918,407		706,689	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$808,061 for the Town Plan and \$158,266 for the Fire Company Plan. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to each of the Plans from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual experience
Change of assumptions
Net difference between projected and actual
earnings on pension plan investments
Total

e

	TOW	i Pian			rire com	Jany	Pian
Defer	eferred Outflows Deferred Inflows		Defer	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
of Resources		of Resources		of Resources		of Resources	
\$	433,948	\$	(1,165,161)	\$	109,054	\$	(163,580)
	2,272,938		(5,261,716)		75,645		-
	381,546				28,683		-
\$	3,088,432	\$	(6,426,877)	\$	213,382	\$	(163,580)

Current

Defe	rred Outflows	Def	ferred Inflows			
of	Resources	0	f Resources	Net		
\$	543,002	\$	(1,328,741)	\$	(785,739)	
	2,348,583		(5,261,716)		(2,913,133)	
	410,229		-		410,229	
\$	3,301,814	\$	(6,590,457)	\$	(3,288,643)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Town's plans will be recognized as a component of pension expense in future years as follows:

Town Plan		Fire Company Plan		Combined		
\$	(496,832)	\$	22,049	\$	(474,783)	
	(1,751,052)		8,429		(1,742,623)	
	(1,338,517)		13,190		(1,325,327)	
	65,645		9,655		75,300	
	182,311		6,160		188,471	
	-		(9,681)		(9,681)	
\$	(3,338,445)	\$	49,802	\$	(3,288,643)	
	\$	\$ (496,832) (1,751,052) (1,338,517) 65,645 182,311	\$ (496,832) \$ (1,751,052) (1,338,517) 65,645 182,311	\$ (496,832) \$ 22,049 (1,751,052) 8,429 (1,338,517) 13,190 65,645 9,655 182,311 6,160 - (9,681)	\$ (496,832) \$ 22,049 \$ (1,751,052) 8,429 (1,338,517) 13,190 65,645 9,655 182,311 6,160 - (9,681)	

Plan Financial Statements

The following presents the statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the Town and Fire Plans as of June 30, 2019:

	Town Plan	Fire Plan
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,911,760	\$ 74,012
Investments:		
Corporate bonds	7,089,713	330,645
U.S. Treasury securities	741,078	42,549
Equity securities	10,211,149	544,702
Exchange traded funds	3,195,974	182,156
Mutual Funds	-	132,672
Total assets	23,149,674	1,306,736
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	84	
NET POSITION Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 23,149,590	\$ 1,306,736

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Plan Financial Statements (Continued)

	Town Plan		Fire Plan	
ADDITIONS		_		
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	558,125	\$	183,747
Plan members		328,653		
Total contributions		886,778		183,747
Investment earnings:				
Net change in fair value				
of investments		1,106,884		51,833
Interest and dividends		538,691		30,186
Total investment earnings		1,645,575		82,019
Less: investment fee expense		(162,177)		(9,496)
Net change in investments		1,483,398		72,523
Total additions		2,370,176		256,270
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefit payments		1,697,716		109,685
Administrative expenses		36,089		6,558
Total deductions		1,733,805		116,243
Change in net position		636,371		140,027
Net position - beginning		22,513,219		1,166,709
Net position - ending	\$	23,149,590	\$	1,306,736

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System

The faculty and professional personnel of the Town's Board of Education participates in the State of Connecticut's Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"), which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement, disability, survivorship and health insurance benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The TRS is governed by Connecticut General Statue ("CGS") *Title 10, Chapter 167a* and is administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board (the "Board"). The TRS is included as a fiduciary pension trust fund in the State of Connecticut's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and the Board issues publicly available financial reports. These reports can be obtained from the Connecticut Office of the State Comptroller.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement: Retirement benefits for the employees are calculated as 2.0% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75.0% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary). In addition, amounts derived from the accumulation of the 6.0% contributions made prior to July 1, 1989 and voluntary contributions are payable.

Early Retirement: Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service with a minimum of 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service with a minimum of 15 years of Connecticut service. Benefit amounts are reduced by 6.0% per year for the first five years preceding normal retirement age and 4.0% per year for the next five years preceding normal retirement age. Effective July 1, 1999, the reduction for individuals with 30 or more years of service is 3.0% per year by which retirement precedes normal retirement date.

Minimum Benefit: Effective January 1, 1999, Public Act 98-251 provides a minimum monthly benefit of \$1,200 to teachers who retire under the normal retirement provisions and who have completed at least 25 years of full time Connecticut service at retirement.

Disability Retirement: There is no service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty. Employees are eligible for five years of credited service if not incurred in the performance of duty. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary. In addition, disability benefits under this plan (without regard to cost-of-living adjustments) plus any initial award of Social Security benefits and workers' compensation cannot exceed 75% of average annual salary.

A plan member who leaves service and has attained 10 years of service will be entitled to 100% of the accrued benefit as of the date of termination of covered employment. Benefits are payable at age 60, and early retirement reductions are based on the number of years of service the member would have had if they had continued work until age 60.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit: The plan also offers a lump-sum return of contributions with interest or surviving spouse benefit depending on length of service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Contributions

Per CGS 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State are amended and certified by the Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions and investment earnings, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amounts to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

In accordance with CGS Section 10-183z, the Town does not and is not legally responsible to contribute to the plan as a special funding situation exists that requires the State to contribute 100% of an employer's contributions on-behalf of its participating municipalities at an actuarially determined rate. Effective January, 1, 2018, active employees are required to contribute 7.0%, previously 6.0%, of their annual earnings to the plan.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative costs of the plan are funded by the State.

Basis of Presentation

The collective net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense for the TRS has been measured as of June 30, 2018 based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. Since the Town does not contribute directly to the TRS, the Town does not recognize its proportionate share of these amounts in its financial statements. The information determined as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date for the TRS has been utilized by the Town for reporting on-behalf revenues, expenditures and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2019 and for reporting the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability that is attributed to the Town as of June 30, 2019.

Allocation Methodology

The schedule of employer allocations for the TRS was calculated based upon the fiscal year 2018 expected contribution effort for each participating employer. The employer allocations were then applied to the net pension liability and pension expense to determine the amount applicable to each employer. For fiscal year 2018, the Town's expected contribution effort for allocation purposes totaled \$3,775,299 or 0.297% of the total expected contribution effort. The Town has recognized this amount as an on-behalf payment into the TRS as intergovernmental revenues and related education expenditures of the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The components associated with the collective pension expense and deferred inflows and outflows of resources for the TRS have been determined based on the fiduciary net position as audited by the State of Connecticut Auditors of Public Accounts as part of the State of Connecticut's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018. The portion of the collective pension expense allocated to the Town totaled \$4,384,070.

The total collective net pension liability of participating employers for the TRS was approximately \$13.164 billion as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. The portion attributed to the Town totaled \$39,062,448 or approximately 0.297% of the total collective net pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.25% - 6.50%, including inflation
Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Administrative expenses \$0 assumption as expenses are paid for

by the General Assembly

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

Future cost-of-living increases for teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007, and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the State contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Long-Term Rate of Return (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equities	21.0%	5.8%
Developed Non-U.S. Equities	18.0%	6.6%
Emerging Markets (Non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.3%
Real Estate	7.0%	5.1%
Private Equity	11.0%	7.6%
Alternative investments	8.0%	4.1%
Fixed Income (Core)	7.0%	1.3%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%	3.9%
Emerging Market Bonds	5.0%	3.7%
Inflation Linked Bonds	3.0%	1.0%
Cash	6.0%	0.4%
	100%	

Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability

The following presents the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability attributed to the Town as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date, calculated using a discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability attributed to the Town would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease (7.00%)	Discount (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)		
Proportionate share of the net pension	(1.0070)	(0.0070)	(3.0070)		
Proportionate share of the het pension					
liability attributed to the Town	\$49.4 million	\$39.1 million	\$30.3 million		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Town and Board of Education Plan

Plan Descriptions

The Town, in accordance with collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing medical benefits to certain eligible retirees, spouses and beneficiaries. The other post-employment benefit program (OPEB) covers Town, Police and Board of Education retired employees. The percentage contribution of the employees and retirees for these benefits vary and are detailed in the Town's various bargaining agreements. The Town does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement for this program.

Benefits Provided and Funding Policy

The Town funding and payment of post-employment benefits are accounted for in the General Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Town has not established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with post-employment benefits. The Town is currently developing a funding strategy to provide for normal cost and the amortization of the accrued liability. Although a trust fund may not be established in the future to exclusively control the funding and reporting of post-employment benefits, the Town anticipates a commitment to fund normal cost and a long-term approach to the amortization of the actuarial accrued liability. The goal is to absorb, within the budgetary process, the actual cost of benefits in the determination of the costs of providing services to taxpayers.

The Town's funding strategy for post-employment obligations are based upon characteristics of benefits on 10 distinct groups of employees established within their respective collective bargaining units and/or contracts. Full-time employees of the Town or Board of Education who retire from the Town are eligible if they meet the following criteria:

Town of Old Saybrook

- Town Hall/Dispatchers/Non-Union: Age 62 with 15 years of service
- Non-Union Town Administrators: Age 62 with 15 years of service
- Highway hired prior to July 1, 2004: Age 60 with 15 years of service;
- Highway hired after July 1, 2004: Age 60 with 18 years of service
- Police: The earlier of the following:
 - Age 50 with 25 years of service
 - Age 60 with 20 years of service
 - Age 65

Board of Education

- Administrators hired prior to July 1, 2002: 12 years of service
- Administrators hired after July 1, 2002: 15 years of service
- CILU Secretaries and Nurses: 15 years of service
- Custodians: Age 55 with 15 years of service
- Teachers: Age 57 (the eligibility for teachers is an estimate based upon the State of Connecticut's eligibility
 of 35 years as a teacher assuming employment begins at an estimated age of 22, a teacher becomes eligible
 35 years later, or age 57)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Town and Board of Education Plan (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of July 1, 2018, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active plan members	263
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	62
	325

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's OPEB liability reported as of June 30, 2019 totaled \$10,540,511. The total OPEB liability has been measured and determined as of June 30, 2019 by the actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate 3.50% Inflation rate 2.70%

Medical trend rates 5.48% - 4.40% over 58 years

Salary increases, including inflation Graded by service

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 (GO 20 Index) as of the measurement date, which represents municipal bond trends based on a portfolio of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years.

Mortality tables for Teachers and Administrator have been based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males and females projected forward 19 years using Scale AA.

Mortality tables for all other employees have been based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males and females with generational projection per Scale AA.

Assumptions regarding participation and coverage election relating to benefits provided to Teachers and Board of Education Administrators are as follows:

- 50% of current actives and pre-65 retirees are assumed either to enroll in retiree health coverage through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System as age 65, or transfer to a Medicare Supplemental Plan. 95% of current actives and pre-65 retirees are assumed to be Medicare-eligible.
- 100% of current actives and pre-65 retirees under the following groupings, Police Non-Union (hires on or before December 30, 2004), Town Non-Union (hired on or before December 30, 2004), Town Support (hired on or before July 26, 2004) and Dispatchers are assumed to continue coverage beyond age 65.
- It is assumed that there is no implicit rate subsidy associated with dental benefits or with post-65 medical benefits for Medicare eligible members who are paying 100% of the premiums.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Town and Board of Education Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 11,456,353
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	238,872
Interest	442,887
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(1,574,470)
Changes of assumptions	483,923
Benefit payments, including	
refunds of member contributions	(507,054)
Net changes	(915,842)
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$ 10,540,511

Changes of assumptions and other inputs primarily reflects a change in the discount rate from 3.87% utilized in the June 30, 2018 measurement to 3.50% utilized in the June 30, 2019 measurement.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50%) than the current discount rate:

		Discount Rates							
	1	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase			
		(2.50%)		(3.50%)		(4.50%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	11,974,222	\$	10,540,511	\$	9,368,389			

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		He	althc	are Cost Trend	Rates	
	19	1% Decrease Current		Current	1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$	9.498.329	\$	10,540,511	\$	11.819.577

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Town and Board of Education Plan (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$519,570. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows			
	of Resources of Resources		Resources	Net		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(1,413,810)	\$	(1,413,810)
Changes of assumptions		434,543		(300,365)		134,178
	\$	434,543	\$	(1,714,175)	\$	(1,279,632)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as a component of OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2020	\$ (162,189)
2021	(162,189)
2022	(162,189)
2023	(162,189)
2024	(162,189)
Thereafter	(468,687)
	\$ (1,279,632)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description

The faculty and professional personnel of the Town's Board of Education participates in the State of Connecticut's Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"), which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement, disability, survivorship and health insurance benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The TRS is governed by Connecticut General Statue ("CGS") *Title 10, Chapter 167a* and is administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board (the "Board"). The OPEB trust fund is included in the TRS, and the TRS is included in the State of Connecticut audit as a pension trust fund. These reports can be obtained from the Connecticut Office of the State Comptroller.

Benefit Provisions

The Plan covers retired teachers and administrators of public schools in the State who are receiving benefits from the Plan. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Any member that is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit through the Plan is eligible to participate in the healthcare portion of the Plan. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the TRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare, but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefit Provisions (Continued)

Any member that is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute, and has not increased since July of 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member that is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees, and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits).

Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Contributions

Per CGS 10-183z, which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the TRB and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State pays for one third of plan costs through and annual appropriation in the General Fund. School district employers are not required to make contributions to the Plan.

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

Contributions remitted by the State are recognized when legally due, based upon statutory requirements.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative costs of the Plan are to be paid by the General Assembly per Section 10-183r of the Connecticut General Statutes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Basis of Presentation

The collective net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the TRS has been measured as of June 30, 2018 based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. Since the Town does not contribute directly to the TRS, the Town does not recognize its proportionate share of these amounts in its financial statements. The information determined as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date for the TRS has been utilized by the Town for reporting on-behalf revenues, expenditures and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2019 and for reporting the proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that is attributed to the Town as of June 30, 2019.

The components associated with the OPEB expense and deferred inflows and outflows of resources have been determined using the unrecognized portions of each year's experience and assumption changes for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Allocation Methodology

The schedule of allocations have been prepared to provide the total amount of employer contributions from the State and the proportionate share percentages that have been determined based on these contributions. Based on these percentages the proportionate share amounts of the net OPEB liability associated with each participating employer and the employer OPEB expense and revenue for State support for each participating employer for the year ending June 30, 2018.

For fiscal year 2018, the Town's expected contribution effort for allocation purposes totaled \$104,745 or 0.297% of the total expected contribution effort. The Town has recognized this amount as an on-behalf payment into the TRS as intergovernmental revenues and related education expenditures of the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The components associated with the collective OPEB expense and deferred inflows and outflows of resources for the TRS have been determined based on the fiduciary net position as audited by the State of Connecticut Auditors of Public Accounts as part of the State of Connecticut's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018. The portion of the collective negative OPEB expense allocated to the Town totaled \$(2,594,097).

The total collective net OPEB liability of participating employers for the TRS was approximately \$2.632 billion as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. The portion attributed to the Town totaled \$7,808,855 or approximately 0.297% of the total collective net OPEB liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.25%
Salary increases	3.25% - 6.50%, including inflation
Long-term investment rate of return	3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluation the long-term rate of return assumption, including the Plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents)	100.0%	0.27%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.87%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with the applicable standards. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Discount Rate

In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annual at a rate of 3.25%.
- o Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate.
- o Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- o No future employer contributions were assumed to be made.

Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2019 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate.

Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability attributed to the Town as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date, calculated using a discount rate of 3.87%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability attributed to the Town would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.87%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.87%) than the current rate:

		1.00%		Current		1.00%
	Decrease		Decrease Rate		Increase	
		(2.87%)		(3.87%)		(4.87%)
Proportionate share of the net pension						
liability attributed to the Town	\$	9,272,436	\$	7,808,855	\$	6,640,790

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability attributed to the Town as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date, calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	19	1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase	
	<u>in 1</u>	in Trend Rates		Trend Rates		in Trend Rates	
Proportionate share of the net pension							
liability attributed to the Town	\$	6,544,060	\$	7,808,855	\$	9,487,775	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees or acts of God for which the Town carries commercial insurance. Neither the Town nor its insurers have settled any claims, which exceed the Town's insurance coverage form amounts in the prior year.

Retrospectively Rated Policy

The commercial insurance carried for workers' compensation is a retrospectively rated policy for which the Town's contribution is based on the Town's loss experience. It is not possible to estimate the possible loss.

The Town purchases commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including blanket and umbrella policies. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction of insurance coverage from amounts held in prior years.

Self-Insurance Cooperative

The Town of Old Saybrook's Board of Education ("BOE") participates in the Eastern CT Healthcare Cooperative (the Cooperative) to provide medical, prescription and dental health coverage for BOE employees. The Cooperative was established in June 2013 by several eastern Connecticut entities under the provisions of Connecticut Public Act 10-174 for the purpose of providing one or more health care benefits as allowed by such act for their employees. The Cooperative is a public entity risk pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. The Cooperative is designed to be self-sustaining through actuarially determined premiums established annually to cover expected claims, administration and a margin for unexpected losses or expenses. The Cooperative reinsures for medical, dental and prescription drug claims in excess of \$1,000,000 maximum aggregate benefit. The members are subject to supplemental assessments in the event of deficiencies. The BOE's estimated portion of claims incurred but not recorded as of June 30, 2019 was \$98,614.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There are several lawsuits pending against the Town. The outcome and eventual liability to the Town, if any, in these cases is not known at this time. The Town's management, based upon consultation with legal counsel, estimates that potential claims against the Town, not covered by insurance, resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial position of the Town.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

The following is a summary of available commitments on capital projects as of June 30, 2019:

Capital Project	Authorization	Cumulative Expenditures	Project Balances
Wastewater Management System	\$ 42,171,200	\$ 14,922,697	\$ 27,248,503
Emergency Communications	2,816,000	2,816,000	-
Police Building Project	11,195,000	11,195,000	-
School Renovations Projects	3,281,000	3,281,000	-
Turf Field	1,200,000	1,200,000	-
Preservation Acquisition	3,000,000	3,000,000	
Total	\$ 63,663,200	\$ 36,414,697	\$ 27,248,503

NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On September 12, 2019, the Town issued \$12,565,000 in general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% and a maturity date of August 15, 2034. The Town issued the bonds to refund \$4,405,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.00% and \$4,240,500 in clean water fund loan obligations with an interest rate of 2.00%. In addition, the bonds were issued to convert \$6,833,679 of interim clean water fund loans to general obligation bonds. The Town received \$117,514 of interim clean water fund loans subsequent to year end, which were also converted to general obligations bonds.

NOTE 16 - IMPACT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOT YET EFFECTIVE

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2019. The Town is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this Statement on its financial statements.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2020. The Town is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this Statement on its financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 16 - IMPACT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Continued)

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The objective of this Statement are (a) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (b) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively and are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2020. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, The objectives of this statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2019. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgeted	l Amo	unts			iance With nal Budget
	 Original		Final	Actual	Ov	er (Under)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 43,995,880	\$	43,995,880	\$ 44,516,591	\$	520,711
Intergovernmental	375,000		375,000	447,205		72,205
Charges for services	1,134,200		1,134,200	1,238,876		104,676
Investment income	 100,000		100,000	161,633		61,633
Total revenues	 45,605,080		45,605,080	46,364,305		759,225
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	3,608,514		3,608,514	3,498,298		(110,216)
Public safety	5,997,761		5,997,761	5,820,026		(177,735)
Public works	3,539,087		3,539,087	3,378,727		(160,360)
Culture and recreation	1,756,210		1,756,210	1,751,394		(4,816)
Health and welfare	699,149		699,149	677,961		(21,188)
Education	25,809,822		25,809,822	25,790,696		(19,126)
Capital outlays	739,108		739,108	739,108		-
Debt service	3,455,429		3,455,429	3,455,429		-
Total expenditures	45,605,080		45,605,080	45,111,639		(493,441)
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures	-		-	1,252,666		1,252,666
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Appropriation of fund balance	-		238,966	-		(238,966)
Use of current year surplus	-		249,000	-		(249,000)
Transfers out	-		(487,966)	(487,966)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-	(487,966)		(487,966)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$		\$ 764,700	\$	764,700

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION (UNAUDITED) TOWN PENSION PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability						 	
Service cost	\$ 808,509	\$	914,097	\$ 1,618,345	\$ 1,372,450	\$ 1,012,863	\$ 763,535
Interest	1,773,796		1,756,566	1,579,806	1,499,834	1,638,943	1,613,662
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	507,816		(1,671,676)	26,054	(551,895)	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		-	-	-	300,049	-
Changes of assumptions	1,497,585		(1,999,612)	(8,263,420)	5,491,460	1,989,230	720,919
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,697,716)		(1,512,407)	(1,205,958)	 (1,239,891)	 (1,284,175)	(1,104,947)
Net change in total pension liability	 2,889,990		(2,513,032)	(6,245,173)	6,571,958	3,656,910	1,993,169
Total pension liability - beginning	 27,656,365		30,169,397	36,414,570	 29,842,612	 26,185,702	24,192,533
Total pension liability - ending	30,546,355		27,656,365	30,169,397	36,414,570	29,842,612	26,185,702
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	558,125		1,576,474	500,830	475,113	437,437	411,211
Contributions - members	328,653		344,580	365,321	343,843	351,423	335,120
Net investment income	1,483,398		1,252,278	2,112,454	(6,912)	700,595	3,113,027
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,697,716)		(1,512,407)	(1,205,958)	(1,239,891)	(1,284,175)	(1,117,286)
Administrative expense	(36,089)		(51,962)	(6,391)	(77,632)	-	(3,840)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 636,371		1,608,963	1,766,256	(505,479)	205,280	2,738,232
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	22,513,219		20,904,256	19,138,000	19,643,479	19,438,199	16,699,967
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	23,149,590		22,513,219	20,904,256	19,138,000	19,643,479	19,438,199
Town's net pension liability	\$ 7,396,765	\$	5,143,146	\$ 9,265,141	\$ 17,276,570	\$ 10,199,133	\$ 6,747,503
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage							
of total pension liability	75.79%		81.40%	69.29%	52.56%	65.82%	74.23%
Covered payroll	\$ 6,518,727	\$	6,391,246	\$ 5,112,538	\$ 5,040,802	\$ 4,627,012	\$ 4,542,061
Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	113.47%		80.47%	181.22%	342.73%	220.43%	148.56%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS - PENSION (UNAUDITED) TOWN PENSION PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016	016 20		20	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 575,704	\$ 675,326	\$ 828,573	\$ 802,803	\$	758,105	\$	712,919
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 558,125	 1,576,474	500,829	 475,113		437,437		411,211
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 17,579	\$ (901,148)	\$ 327,744	\$ 327,690	\$	320,668	\$	301,708
Covered payroll	\$ 6,518,727	\$ 6,391,246	\$ 5,112,538	\$ 5,040,802	\$	4,627,012	\$	4,542,061
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.56%	24.67%	9.80%	9.43%		9.45%		9.05%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	6.81%	5.98%	11.06%	-0.11%		3.95%		16.86%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION (UNAUDITED) FIRE COMPANY PENSION PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability												
Service cost	\$	52,166	\$	48,089	\$	60,032	\$	55,714	\$	38,203	\$	35,373
Interest		159,138		167,175		159,028		150,274		122,335		114,655
Effect of plan changes		-		-		-		48,629		42,912		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		-		(202,528)		-		172,274		-		-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		54,269		-		50,256		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(109,685)		(103,057)		(100,975)		(93,840)		(71,128)		(43,132)
Net change in total pension liability		101,619		(36,052)		118,085		383,307		132,322		106,896
Total pension liability - beginning		2,123,524		2,159,576		2,041,491		1,658,184		1,525,862		1,418,966
Total pension liability - ending		2,225,143		2,123,524		2,159,576		2,041,491		1,658,184		1,525,862
Plan fiduciary net position												
Contributions - employer		183,747		173,587		161,102		127,411		117,695		74,213
Contributions - members		-		-		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		72,523		65,461		95,036		(311)		23,314		103,528
Benefit payments, including refunds		(109,685)		(103,057)		(100,975)		(93,840)		(71,128)		(43,132)
Administrative expense		(6,558)		(13,862)		(216)		(3,502)		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		140,027		122,129		154,947		29,758		69,881		134,609
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,166,709		1,044,580		889,633		859,875		789,994		655,385
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		1,306,736		1,166,709		1,044,580		889,633		859,875		789,994
Town's net pension liability	\$	918,407	\$	956,815	\$	1,114,996	\$	1,151,858	\$	798,309	\$	735,868
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage												
of total pension liability		58.73%		54.94%		48.37%		43.58%		51.86%		51.77%
Covered employee payroll	No	t applicable	No	t applicable	No	ot applicable	No	ot applicable	No	t applicable	No	t applicable
Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	No	t applicable	Not	applicable	No	t applicable	No	t applicable	Not	applicable	Not	applicable

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS - PENSION (UNAUDITED) FIRE COMPANY PENSION PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015		2014	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	153,467	\$	173,587	\$	161,102	\$	127,111	\$	117,695	\$	74,213
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		183,747		173,587		161,102		127,411		117,695		74,213
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(30,280)	\$		\$	-	\$	(300)	\$	-	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	Not	applicable	Not	applicable	Not	applicable	Not	applicable	Not	applicable	Not	applicable
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	Not	applicable	Not	applicable	Not	applicable	Not	applicable	Not	applicable	Not	applicable
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense		6.15%		5.98%		11.06%		-0.11%		3.95%		16.86%

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (UNAUDITED)

CONNECTICUT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

(Rounded to the Nearest Thousand)

	 2019	2018		 2017	 2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability attributable to the Town	0.297%		0.296%	0.296%	0.296%	0.296%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town Total	\$ 39,062,000 39,062,000	\$	39,921,000 39,921,000	\$ 42,117,000 42,117,000	\$ 32,426,000 32,426,000	\$ 32,426,000 32,426,000
Town's covered payroll	\$ 12,444,000	\$	12,026,000	\$ 12,138,000	\$ 11,784,000	\$ 11,301,000
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.69%		55.93%	52.26%	59.50%	61.51%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY (UNAUDITED) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAMS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ 238,872	\$ 317,124
Interest on total OPEB liability	442,887	418,715
Effect of economic/demographic gains and losses	(1,574,470)	-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	483,923	(402,183)
Benefit payments, including refunds	 (507,054)	 (507,782)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(915,842)	(174,126)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 11,456,353	 11,630,479
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 10,540,511	\$ 11,456,353

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY CONNECTICUT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (UNAUDITED) LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

(Rounded to the Nearest Thousand)

	 2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability attributed to the Town	0.297%	0.296%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability attributed to the Town Total	\$ 7,809,000 7,809,000	\$ 10,275,000 10,275,000
Town's covered employee payroll	\$ 12,444,000	\$ 12,036,000
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	0.0%	0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	1.49%	1.79%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND

Budgetary Information

The General Fund is the only fund for which an annual budget is legally adopted. The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund financial statements, in accordance with provision of its Town Charter:

- Each board, commission, department, agency or officer of the Town shall, on or before January 15th of each year, submit to the First Selectman a detailed estimate of the expenditures to be made by said board, commission, department, agency or officer for the Town's fiscal year beginning July 1st of the year, together with a statement of revenues (other than tax revenues) which are estimated to be collected by such board, commission, department, agency or officer for said ensuing fiscal year; provided; however, that said submission by the Board of Education shall be on or before March 1st of each year, rather than January 15th thereof. For those boards, commissions, departments, agencies and officials which provide programs and services, budgets shall be accompanied by a statement or statements, in narrative form, describing such programs or services, which have been accomplished or expected to be accomplished during its present fiscal year, and those such programs and services which are expected to be accomplished in the ensuing fiscal year.
- The First Selectman shall compile all general governmental budgets, excluding the Board of Education, no later than February 15th of each year, and present to the Board of Selectmen a consolidated proposed budget.
- On or before March 1st of each year, the Board of Selectman and Board of Education shall present its completed budget to the Board of Finance. Following the receipt of said budget from the Board of Selectmen, the Board of Finance will present the proposed General Government Budget. Also, prior to April 1st, the Board of Finance will hold a public hearing at which time the Board of Education will present the proposed Board of Education Budget. Following such public hearings and at least two (2) weeks before the Annual Town Budget Meeting, the Board of Finance shall hold a public hearing, at which time it will present a proposed Town Budget, together with the statement of anticipated revenues and estimated mill rate based upon such proposed Town Budget. The Board of Finance may hold additional public hearings, if it deems necessary. At any of the public hearings referred to in this section, any elector or taxpayer may be heard regarding the proposed budget for the next ensuing fiscal year.
- The Annual Budget Meeting shall be held not less than one month prior to the beginning of the next
 ensuing fiscal year for the purpose of action upon the budget, in accordance with the provisions of
 Section 7-388 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut, as amended.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

- The Town Clerk shall prepare and have available in her office a mandatory petition at least 14 days prior to the first Annual Budget Meeting, if, at least 24 hours prior to such meeting, at least 100 persons entitled to vote at such meeting have signed such petition (or petition confirming to the requirements of Section 7-7 of the General Statutes of Connecticut on the same question), then the question of the adoption of said proposed Annual Budget shall be decided by a "yes" or "no" vote on the voting machines in accordance with the same provisions of Section 7-7 of the General Statutes of Connecticut. In the event that a proposed budget shall be rejected, then the same procedure shall be established with regard to any subsequent budget meeting for that fiscal year; provided, however, that such mandatory petition shall be available 5 days prior to any subsequent meeting.
- The Board of Finance shall lay a tax on the grand list in accordance with General Statutes 7-344 only after both the General Government and Board of Education budgets have been approved, provided that, is any fiscal year shall begin without a budget having been approved, the Board of Finance shall be authorized to lay such tax on the grand list as the Board deems advisable in accordance with General Statutes 7-344.
- Budgetary control is maintained at the department level. However, the Board of Finance may transfer between budget items and between departments, thus amending the budget, as long as total expenditures are not exceeded. Any transfers to one line item totaling \$25,000 or more for the year must be approved by Town Meeting. Additional appropriations of \$238,966 were approved during the year ended June 30, 2019. In addition, the Town authorized the transfer of \$249,000 from the fiscal year 2019 budgetary surplus to a debt stabilization reserve fund.
- The Board of Education is authorized under state law to transfer unexpended balances from one account to another within its total line appropriation.
- Classification of certain revenues and expenditures under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") differ from classifications used for budgetary purposes.

As described above, accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP basis").

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (Continued)

A reconciliation of General Fund amounts presented on the budgetary basis to amounts presented on the GAAP basis is as follows for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Total			Total	Oth	er Financing	Net Change in			
		Revenues	Ex	cpenditures		Uses, Net	Fur	nd Balance		
Budgetary basis "On-behalf" payments - State Teachers' Retirement	\$	46,364,305	\$	45,111,639	\$	(487,966)	\$	764,700		
Fund		3,880,044		3,880,044		-		-		
Consolidation of reserve funds		7,909		106,226		152,624		54,307		
Reimbursement for certain grant costs recorded as a reduction to expenditures for budgetary purposes		429,426		429,426		-		-		
Certain transfers recorded as expenditures for budgetary										
purposes				(1,022,272)		(1,022,272)		_		
GAAP basis	\$	50,681,684	\$	48,505,063	\$	(1,357,614)	\$	819,007		

NOTE 2 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILTY - TOWN PENSION PLAN

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension —an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, in fiscal year 2014. GASB Statement No. 67 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every year with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2018. The July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to the most recent measurement date of June 30, 2019. This information is utilized by the Town for reporting as of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Changes - There have been no benefit term changes that have had a significant effect on the measurement of the Town's total pension liability.

Assumption Changes - The following assumption changes had a significant effect on the calculation of the Town's total pension liability:

- In 2019, the assumed investment rate of return was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%. In addition, the discount rate was decreased from 6.42% to 5.85%.
- In 2018, the discount rate was increased from 5.79% to 6.42%.
- In 2017, the assumed investment rate of return was lowered from 7.75% to 7.50%. In addition, the discount rate was increased from 4.22% to 5.79%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS - TOWN PENSION PLAN

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, in fiscal year 2014. GASB Statement No. 67 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of July 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The following methods and assumptions were utilized to determine the contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Valuation date:

Actuarial cost method:

Amortization method:

July 1, 2018

Entry Age Normal

Level Percentage

Remaining amortization period 30 years, closed (18 years remaining as of July 1, 2018)

Asset valuation method 5 Year Smoothed Market Value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.25%
Discount rate 5.85%
Inflation rate 2.75%

Salary increases Graded salary growth with an ultimate rate of 2.75%

Retirement age Police - Earlier of age 60 or 25 years of service

All other - age based rates

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with generational projection per Scale AA.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - SCHEDULE OF THE CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILTY - FIRE PENSION PLAN

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, in fiscal year 2014. GASB Statement No. 67 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every year with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2017. The July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to the most recent measurement date of June 30, 2019. This information is utilized by the Town for reporting as of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Changes - There have been no benefit term changes that have had a significant effect on the measurement of the Town's total pension liability.

Assumption Changes - The following assumption changes had a significant effect on the calculation of the Town's total pension liability:

In 2018, the assumed investment rate of return and discount rates were lowered from 7.75% to 7.50%.

NOTE 5 - SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CONNECTICUT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, in fiscal year 2015. GASB Statement No. 68 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every two years with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. This information is utilized by the Town for reporting as of June 30, 2019.

Benefit changes - There have been no changes in benefit terms that have had a significant effect on the measurement of the total pension liability.

Assumption changes - The following significant assumptions had a significant effect on the measurement of the total pension liability reported as of June 30, 2019.

- o the inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%;
- the real rate of return assumption was reduced from 5.25% to 4.40%, which when combined with the inflation assumption change, resulted in a decrease in the investment rate of return assumption from 8.00% to 6.90%; and
- o the annual rate of wage increase assumption was increased from 0.50% to 0.75%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 6 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILTY - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension*, in fiscal year 2018. GASB Statement No. 75 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every two years with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2018. The July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to the most recent measurement date of June 30, 2019. This information is utilized by the Town for reporting as of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Changes - There have been no benefit term changes that have had a significant effect on the measurement of the Town's total OPEB liability.

Assumption Changes - The following assumption changes has a significant effect on the calculation of the Town's total OPEB liability calculated:

- In 2019, the assumed discount rate was decreased from 3.50% to 3.58%.
- In 2018, the assumed discount rate was increased from 3.58% to 3.87%.

NOTE 7 - SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY - CONNECTICUT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, in fiscal year 2018. GASB Statement No. 75 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every two years with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. This information is utilized by the Town for reporting as of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Changes - Effective July 1, 2018, the Plan changed the "base plan" to the Medicare Advantage Plan for the purposes of determining retiree health care plan subsidies and/or cost sharing amount(s), and introduced a two year waiting period for re-enrollment in a system-sponsored health care plan for those who cancel their coverage or choose not to enroll in a health care coverage option on or after the effective date.

Assumption Changes - The following assumption changes collectively had a significant effect on the measurement of the net OPEB liability reported as of June 30, 2018:

- o the expected rate of return on Plan assets was changed from 4.25% to 3.00% to better reflect the anticipated returns on cash and other high quality short-term fixed income investments;
- o the discount rate used to measure Plan obligations and amortize supplemental costs was updated to match the expected rate of return on assets selected as of June 30, 2018;
- long-term health care cost trend rates were updated to better reflect the anticipated impact of changes in medical inflation, utilization, leverage in the plan design, improvements in technology, and fees and charges on expected claims and retiree contributions in future periods; and
- the percentage of retired members who are not currently participating in the Plan, but are expected to elect coverage for themselves and their spouses under a system-sponsored health care plan option in the future was updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY BASIS – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance With Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)		
PROPERTY TAXES						
General property taxes	\$ 43,835,880	\$ 43,835,880	\$ 44,310,476	\$ 474,596		
Interest and lien and fees	100,000	100,000	171,135	71,135		
Telecommunications tax	60,000	60,000	34,980	(25,020)		
Total property taxes	43,995,880	43,995,880	44,516,591	520,711		
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES						
Education equalization grant	100,000	100,000	107,818	7,818		
Town aid road fund	123,000	123,000	246,524	123,524		
Local capital improvement program	65,000	65,000	-	(65,000)		
Elderly tax relief	67,000	67,000	-	(67,000)		
Municipal purposes and projects grant	=	· =	46,717	46,717		
Grants in lieu of taxes	-	-	46,146	46,146		
Excess cost	20,000	20,000	-	(20,000)		
Total intergovernmental revenues	375,000	375,000	447,205	72,205		
CHARGES FOR SERVICES						
Board of Selectman	2,000	2,000	2,700	700		
Town clerk fees	400,000	400,000	556,058	156,058		
Assessor	200	200	1,240	1,040		
Building department	200,000	200,000	230,379	30,379		
Registrar of voters	-	-	50	50		
Zoning commission	10,000	10,000	11,729	1,729		
Zoning board of appeals	8,000	8,000	5,600	(2,400)		
Planning commission	1,000	1,000	50	(950)		
Historic District	-	-	750	750		
Inland wetlands	1,000	1,000	600	(400)		
Police department	7,000	7,000	5,353	(1,647)		
Fire Marshal	-	-	1,505	1,505		
Transfer station	100,000	100,000	77,410	(22,590)		
Library fees and fines	5,000	5,000	4,895	(105)		
Parks and recreation	300,000	300,000	282,135	(17,865)		
Other revenue from local	100,000	100,000	58,422	(41,578)		
Total charges for services	1,134,200	1,134,200	1,238,876	104,676		
INVESTMENT EARNINGS	100,000	100,000	161,633	61,633		
Total revenues	45,605,080	45,605,080	46,364,305	759,225		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Appropriation of fund balance	-	238,966	-	(238,966)		
Use of current year surplus	_	249,000	_	(249,000)		
Total other financing sources		487,966		(487,966)		
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 45,605,080	\$ 46,093,046	\$ 46,364,305	\$ 271,259		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY BASIS – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts			ance With
		Original		Final	Actual	Ove	er (Under)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	-						
Selectman	\$	391,688	\$	391,688	\$ 386,378	\$	(5,310)
Accounting		281,885		281,885	267,898		(13,987)
Tax collector		205,559		205,559	205,828		269
Information technology		190,054		190,054	193,250		3,196
Treasurer		8,613		8,613	8,646		33
Town clerk		249,527		249,527	236,875		(12,652)
Historic district		5,358		5,358	4,973		(385)
Vital statistics		1,350		1,350	820		(530)
Assessor		254,832		254,832	259,515		4,683
Town hall		337,092		337,092	342,997		5,905
Registrars		69,879		69,879	64,478		(5,401)
Arch review board		3,600		3,600	2,701		(899)
Land use department		438,056		438,056	398,204		(39,852)
Zoning commission		34,746		34,746	21,377		(13,369)
Zoning board of appeals		13,423		13,423	14,101		678
Board of finance		61,327		61,327	56,043		(5,284)
Assessment appeals		11,907		11,907	8,202		(3,705)
Planning commission		15,250		15,250	4,665		(10,585)
Conservation commission		3,717		3,717	3,037		(680)
Economic development commission		59,009		59,009	58,228		(781)
Ethics commission		950		950	-		(950)
Inland wetlands		8,624		8,624	13,959		5,335
Insurance		388,000		388,000	395,551		7,551
Legal		105,000		105,000	85,781		(19,219)
Political subdivisions		177,376		177,376	174,243		(3,133)
Retiree health insurance		271,000		271,000	275,001		4,001
Harbor management		20,692		20,692	15,547		(5,145)
Total general government		3,608,514		3,608,514	3,498,298		(110,216)
DUDUG CASSTY							
PUBLIC SAFETY		F07.044		507.044	F70 C20		(10.400)
Fire department		597,044		597,044	578,638		(18,406)
Fire marshal		135,255		135,255	136,570		1,315
Police - Field Service		3,317,297		3,317,297	3,057,936		(259,361)
Police - Support Services		947,703		947,703	910,985		(36,718)
Police - General Expenditures		546,899		546,899	702,832		155,933
Emergency management		204,205		204,205	192,691		(11,514)
Marine patrol		57,358		57,358	48,460		(8,898)
Tree warden		26,459		26,459	39,613		13,154
Animal control		25,000		25,000	25,000		-
Buildings		140,541		140,541	 127,301		(13,240)
Total public safety		5,997,761		5,997,761	 5,820,026		(177,735)
						- ((Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY BASIS – GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amoı	unts			riance With
		Original		Final	Actual	0	ver (Under)
PUBLIC WORKS							
Water pollution control authority	\$	300,593	\$	300,593	\$ 289,969	\$	(10,624)
Transfer station operations		310,814		310,814	293,922		(16,892)
Transfer station waste/disposal		335,900		335,900	294,650		(41,250)
Public works administration		1,061,990		1,061,990	971,945		(90,045)
Engineering		80,000		80,000	67,648		(12,352)
Waste collections		24,990		24,990	26,231		1,241
Traffic and street lights		154,000		154,000	168,404		14,404
Water hydrant		577,000		577,000	596,047		19,047
Public works highway & streets		556,800		556,800	560,885		4,085
Public works snow & ice		56,000		56,000	50,869		(5,131)
Public works vehicle maintenance Total public works		81,000 3,539,087		81,000 3,539,087	 58,157 3,378,727		(22,843)
·							
CULTURE AND RECREATION							
Acton public library		1,029,063		1,029,063	994,162		(34,901)
Recreation		545,324		545,324	546,440		1,116
Mini golf		63,523		63,523	74,221		10,698
Vicky Duffy Pavilion		9,100		9,100	10,686		1,586
Other parks		48,080		48,080	56,147		8,067
Katherine Hepburn Theater		61,120		61,120	69,738		8,618
Total culture and recreation		1,756,210		1,756,210	 1,751,394		(4,816)
HEALTH AND WELFARE							
Youth and family services		381,680		381,680	381,391		(289)
Health district/ environmental health		162,000		162,000	140,922		(21,078)
Social services		112,816		112,816	113,764		948
Public health nursing		42,653		42,653	41,884		(769)
Total health and welfare		699,149		699,149	677,961		(21,188)
BOARD OF EDUCATION		25,809,822		25,809,822	25,790,696		(19,126)
CAPITAL OUTLAYS		739,108		739,108	739,108		
DEBT SERVICE		3,455,429		3,455,429	3,455,429		
Total expenditures		45,605,080		45,605,080	45,111,639		(493,441)
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out		<u>-</u>		487,966	 487,966		
Total expenditures							
other financing uses	\$	45,605,080	\$	46,093,046	\$ 45,599,605	\$	(493,441)
Ğ	<u> </u>	· · ·			 · · ·		(Concluded)
							,

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Grand	Balance				Transfers	Balance		Collections		Balance
List	Uncollected	Current	Lawful C	Corrections	То	То Ве		Interest, Liens		Uncollected
Year	June 30, 2018	Levy	Additions	Deductions	Suspense	Collected	Taxes	and Fees	Total	June 30, 2019
2017	\$ -	\$ 44,427,244	\$ 42,979	\$ 154,780	\$ -	\$ 44,315,443	\$ 44,052,552	\$ 99,701	\$ 44,152,253	\$ 262,891
2016	335,736	-	1,451	26,993	-	310,194	243,380	60,712	304,092	66,814
2015	42,255	=	-	11,514	-	30,741	(280)	3,670	3,390	31,021
2014	27,023	-	-	17	-	27,006	1,442	869	2,311	25,564
2013	20,561	-	42	845	19,593	165	880	672	1,552	(715)
2012	5,397	-	-	-	-	5,397	521	70	591	4,876
2011	4,674	-	-	-	-	4,674	-	-	-	4,674
2010	4,172	-	-	-	-	4,172	-	-	-	4,172
2009	4,151	-	-	-	-	4,151	-	-	-	4,151
2008	3,987	-	-	-	-	3,987	-	-	-	3,987
2007	3,083	-	-	-	-	3,083	-	-	-	3,083
2006	2,925	-	-	-	-	2,925	-	-	-	2,925
2005	2,835	-	-	-	-	2,835	-	-	-	2,835
2004	2,696	-	-	-	-	2,696	-	-	-	2,696
2003	5,278	-	-	2,729	-	2,549	-	-	-	2,549
	\$ 464,773	\$ 44,427,244	\$ 44,472	\$ 196,878	\$ 19,593	\$ 44,720,018	\$ 44,298,495	\$ 165,694	\$ 44,464,189	\$ 421,523

SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION

CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES, SECTION 7-374(b) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Total cash collections for the year ended June 30, 2019:		
Taxes	\$	44,298,495
Interest and lien fees		165,694
Total	' <u>-</u>	44,464,189
Reimbursement for revenue loss:		
Tax relief (CGS 12-129d)		11,872
Base	\$	44,476,061

	 General Purposes	 Schools	 Sewers		Urban Renewal	Pension Deficit
Debt limitation:						
2-1/4 times base	\$ 100,071,137	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
4-1/2 times base	-	200,142,275	-		-	-
3-3/4 times base	-	-	166,785,229		-	-
3-1/4 times base	-	-	-		144,547,198	-
3 times base	 	 -	 -			 133,428,183
Total debt limitation	 100,071,137	 200,142,275	 166,785,229		144,547,198	 133,428,183
Indebtedness:						
Bonds payable	15,023,000	7,442,000	-		-	-
Clean Water Fund:						
Loans	-	-	4,283,588		-	-
Interim Funding Obligation	-	-	6,716,165		-	-
Authorized but unissued debt	 	 30,944	 21,867,394			 -
Total indebtedness	 15,023,000	 7,472,944	 32,867,147		-	 -
Less: assessments and grants receivables	 -	 	 (2,611,779) *	·		 -
Net indebtedness	 15,023,000	 7,472,944	 30,255,368		-	
Debt limitation in excess of outstanding						
and authorized debt	\$ 85,048,137	\$ 192,669,331	\$ 136,529,861	\$	144,547,198	\$ 133,428,183
Total capacity of borrowing (7 times base)	\$ 311,332,427					
Total present indebtedness	52,751,312					
Margin for additional borrowing	\$ 258,581,115					

Anticipated grants and special assessments, to be paid by the benefitting users' within the decentralized wastewater management district.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

				Noi	nmajor Specia	al Rever	nue Funds			
	Sta	deral and te School ant Fund	School afeteria Fund	Cor	nnecticard Fund		Law orcement orfeiture Fund	 outh and nily Grants Fund	Re	arks and ecreation relopment Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	60,280	\$ 40,360	\$	39,770	\$	21,757	\$ 14,847	\$	14,279
Investments		-	-		-		-	-		-
Receivables:										
Grants and contracts		-	26,919		-		-	-		-
Other		-	 10,608		_		_	 		-
Total assets	\$	60,280	\$ 77,887	\$	39,770	\$	21,757	\$ 14,847	\$	14,279
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 3,707	\$	-	\$	11,040	\$ 5,169	\$	869
Salaries and benefits payable		-	-		-		-	988		-
Other accruals		-	936		-		-	-		-
Due to other funds		-	-		-		-	-		350
Unearned revenue		31,390	 -		-		-	-		-
Total liabilities		31,390	4,643		-		11,040	6,157		1,219
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-	-		-		-	-		-
Restricted		28,890	73,244		-		-	-		-
Committed		-	-		39,770		10,717	8,690		13,060
Total fund balances		28,890	73,244		39,770		10,717	8,690		13,060
Total liabilities										
and fund balances	_\$	60,280	\$ 77,887	\$	39,770	\$	21,757	\$ 14,847	\$	14,279
										(Cantinuad)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Parks and Find Shallfish D.A.B.F. Bossetian Conservation Conser													
	M	Fire arshall Fund	Com	ellfish mission und	Pi	.A.R.E. rogram Fund	Parks and Recreation Program Fund		Emergency Management Fund		Police Outside Services Fund		Ex Pr	Police splorer ogram Fund
ASSETS	ć	1 (14	ć	544	.	0.400	.	05.010	.	22 247	,	40.074	¢	1.610
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,644	\$	544	\$	9,489	\$	95,019	\$	23,247	\$	49,871	\$	1,610
Investments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:														
Grants and contracts		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-				1,714		-		- 10.074		- 4 640
Total assets	\$	1,644	\$	544	\$	9,489	\$	96,733	\$	23,247	\$	49,871	\$	1,610
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	578	\$	13,212	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Salaries and benefits payable		-		-		-		5,890		-		10,695		-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		-		578		19,102		-		10,695		-
FUND BALANCES														
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		1,644		544		8,911		77,631		23,247		39,176		1,610
Total fund balances	-	1,644		544	-	8,911		77,631		23,247		39,176	-	1,610
Total liabilities	-				-	· · · · · ·		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		 -	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
and fund balances	\$	1,644	\$	544	\$	9,489	\$	96,733	\$	23,247	\$	49,871	\$	1,610

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

JUNE 30, 2019

				Nor	nmajor Specia	al Rever	ue Funds		
	Re	arks and creation mmunity gram Fund	Action Public Library Fund	Yo	outh and Family ervices Fund		ateway Fund	Board of ducation Fund	 Probate Court Fund
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,147	\$ 60,368	\$	83,840	\$	11,056	\$ 720,700	\$ 31,442
Investments		-	22,498		-		-	-	-
Receivables:									
Grants and contracts		-	-		-		-	-	-
Other		-	 1,063		-		-	-	-
Total assets	\$	15,147	\$ 83,929	\$	83,840	\$	11,056	\$ 720,700	\$ 31,442
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 1,042	\$	6,327	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 952
Salaries and benefits payable		-	-		-		-	-	-
Accrued liabilities		-	-		-		-	-	-
Due to other funds		-	-		-		-	-	-
Unearned revenue		-	-		-		-	10,025	-
Total liabilities		-	 1,042		6,327		-	10,025	952
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		-	-		-		-	-	-
Restricted		-	-		-		-	-	_
Committed		15,147	82,887		77,513		11,056	710,675	30,490
Total fund balances	-	15,147	82,887		77,513		11,056	710,675	30,490
Total liabilities		·					·	 · · ·	
and fund balances	\$	15,147	\$ 83,929	\$	83,840	\$	11,056	\$ 720,700	\$ 31,442
									(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Concluded) JUNE 30, 2019

		Nonn	najor Spe	cial Revenue	Funds			nmajor inent Fund		
	F	Police Program Fund		ırricane Relief Fund		Total Nonmajor Special Venue Funds	Ce	Jpper metery Fund		al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS	·			,						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	106,565	\$	2,605	\$	1,404,440	\$	6,059	\$	1,410,499
Investments		-		-		22,498		-		22,498
Receivables:										
Grants and contracts		-		-		26,919		-		26,919
Other		1,240		-		14,625		-		14,625
Total assets	\$	107,805	\$	2,605	\$	1,468,482	\$	6,059	\$	1,474,541
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	3,557	\$	-		46,453	\$	-	\$	46,453
Salaries and benefits payable		1,122		-		18,695		-		18,695
Accrued liabilities		-		-		936		-		936
Due to other funds		-		-		350		-		350
Unearned revenue		-		-		41,415		-		41,415
Total liabilities		4,679		-		107,849		-		107,849
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		_		_		-		5,000		5,000
Restricted		-		-		102,134		1,059		103,193
Committed		103,126		2,605		1,258,499		-		1,258,499
Total fund balances		103,126		2,605		1,360,633		6,059		1,366,692
Total liabilities				· ·						
and fund balances	\$	107,805	\$	2,605	\$	1,468,482	\$	6,059	\$	1,474,541
									_	(Concluded)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Nor	nmajor Specia	al Reven	ue Funds				
	Sta	deral and ate School rant Fund	(School Cafeteria Fund		nnecticard Fund	Enfo Fo	Law orcement rfeiture Fund	Fami	uth and ly Grants Fund	Re	arks and ecreation relopment Fund
REVENUES												
Intergovernmental	\$	455,382	\$	182,170	\$	9,620	\$	4,753	\$	45,467	\$	-
Charges for services		7,933		394,366		-		-		94,358		-
Contributions		-		-		-		-		23,205		-
Interest income		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other income		104,855		-		267		-		1,003		1,126
Total revenues		568,170		576,536		9,887		4,753		164,033		1,126
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		11,040		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		5,798		-		-		7,081
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		167,679		-
Education		560,237		550,422		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		_		-		-
Total expenditures		560,237		550,422		5,798		11,040		167,679		7,081
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		7,933		26,114		4,089		(6,287)		(3,646)		(5,955)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		2,795		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-		2,795		-
Net change in fund balances		7,933		26,114		4,089		(6,287)		(851)		(5,955)
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted		20,957		47,130		35,681		17,004		9,541		19,015
Fund balances - ending	\$	28,890	\$	73,244	\$	39,770	\$	10,717	\$	8,690	\$	13,060
												(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				ajor Spe	ecial Revenue	Funds								
	Ma				Pr			arks and creation rogram Fund	Man	ergency agement Fund	(Police Outside Services Fund	E P	Police xplorer rogram Fund
REVENUES														
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services		-		-		-		204,033		-		314,400		16
Contributions		3,500		-		4,900		17,254		-		-		316
Interest income		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other income		-		-		-		=		-		-		-
Total revenues		3,500				4,900		221,287		-		314,400		332
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
General government		-		25		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		2,213		-		3,165		-		-		306,709		1,103
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		254,000		-		· <u>-</u>		· -
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Education		-		-		-		-		_		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		_		5,102		
Total expenditures		2,213		25		3,165		254,000		-		311,811		1,103
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,287		(25)		1,735		(32,713)		-		2,589		(771)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		_		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		_		(69,914)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-		-		(69,914)		-
Net change in fund balances		1,287		(25)		1,735		(32,713)		-		(67,325)		(771)
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted		357		569		7,176		110,344		23,247		106,501		2,381
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,644	\$	544	\$	8,911	\$	77,631	\$	23,247	\$	39,176	\$	1,610
														(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Nor	ımajor Specia	l Rever	ue Funds		
	Re Co	arks and creation mmunity gram Fund	Action Public Library Fund		outh and Family Services Fund	G	ateway Fund	Board of ducation Fund	Probate Court Fund
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 38,428	\$ -
Charges for services		-	8,632		6,233		10,200	490,955	26,612
Contributions		-	16,566		34,339		-	1,877	-
Interest income		-	168		-		-	-	-
Other income		-	 -		-		-	 8,619	-
Total revenues		-	 25,366		40,572		10,200	 539,879	 26,612
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-	-		-		6,362	-	24,372
Public safety		-	-		-		-	-	-
Culture and recreation		8,198	19,645		-		-	-	-
Health and welfare		-	-		52,073		-	-	-
Education		-	-		-		-	331,466	-
Debt service					_			 _	
Total expenditures		8,198	19,645		52,073		6,362	331,466	24,372
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		(8,198)	5,721		(11,501)		3,838	208,413	2,240
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-	-		-		-	-	-
Transfers out		-	_		(2,795)		(30,169)	 -	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	 -		(2,795)		(30,169)	-	 -
Net change in fund balances		(8,198)	5,721		(14,296)		(26,331)	208,413	2,240
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted		23,345	77,166		91,809		37,387	502,262	 28,250
Fund balances - ending	\$	15,147	\$ 82,887	\$	77,513	\$	11,056	\$ 710,675	\$ 30,490
			 		_			 _	 (Continued)

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Concluded) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Nonm	ajor Sp	ecial Revenue	Fund	s		onmajor anent Fund	
		Police Program Fund	Н	lurricane Relief Fund		Total Nonmajor Special venue Funds	Ce	Upper emetery Fund	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES	'								
Intergovernmental	\$	92,359	\$	-	\$	828,179	\$	-	\$ 828,179
Charges for services		25,286		-		1,583,024		-	1,583,024
Contributions		30,234		1,683		133,874		-	133,874
Interest income		-		7		175		-	175
Other income						115,870			115,870
Total revenues		147,879		1,690		2,661,122		-	2,661,122
EXPENDITURES Current:									
General government						30,759			30,759
Public safety		148,003		-		472,233		-	472,233
Culture and recreation		146,003		-		472,233 294,722		-	472,233 294,722
Health and welfare		_		_		219,752		_	219,752
Education		_		_		1,442,125			1,442,125
Debt service		_		_		5,102		_	5,102
Total expenditures		148,003		-		2,464,693			 2,464,693
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				,					
over expenditures		(124)		1,690		196,429		-	196,429
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		9,776		-		12,571		-	12,571
Transfers out		(2,170)		-		(105,048)		-	(105,048)
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,606		-		(92,477)		-	(92,477)
Net change in fund balances		7,482		1,690		103,952		-	103,952
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted		95,644		915		1,256,681		6,059	 1,262,740
Fund balances - ending	\$	103,126	\$	2,605	\$	1,360,633	\$	6,059	\$ 1,366,692
									(Concluded)

FIDUCIARY	FUNDS
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COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Pub	Connecticut Public Health Nurses Fund		Public Health Nurses Estate Bequest Fund		Mary E. Johnson Trust Fund		Endrich Donation Trust Fund		Total Private- Purpose Trust Funds	
ASSETS								_	'	_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,992	\$	96,094	\$	2,019	\$	1,544	\$	113,649	
Investments:											
Exchange traded funds		-		-		-		17,274		17,274	
Mutual funds						242,124		86,257		328,381	
Total assets		13,992		96,094		244,143		105,075		459,304	
NET POSITION											
Held in trust	\$	13,992	\$	96,094	\$	244,143	\$	105,075	\$	459,304	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Connecticut Public Health Nurses Fund		Public Health Nurses Estate Bequest Fund		Mary E. Johnson Trust Fund		Endrich Donation Trust Fund		Total Private- Purpose Trust Funds	
ADDITIONS										
Private Donations	\$	5,185	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,185
Investment earnings: Net change in the fair										
value of investments		(19,000)		(2,755)		4,861		(195)		(17,089)
Interest and dividends		-		1,030		15,643		7,078		23,751
Total investment earnings		(19,000)		(1,725)		20,504		6,883		6,662
Less investment fee expense		-		-		(1,519)		(937)		(2,456)
Net change in investments		(19,000)		(1,725)		18,985		5,946		4,206
Total additions		(13,815)		(1,725)		18,985		5,946		9,391
DEDUCTIONS										
Benefit payments		-		-		16,000		36,894		52,894
Change in net position		(13,815)		(1,725)		2,985		(30,948)		(43,503)
Net position - beginning		27,807		97,819		241,158		136,023		502,807
Net position - ending	\$	13,992	\$	96,094	\$	244,143	\$	105,075	\$	459,304

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Student activities Fund	Land Use Fund	FI Sp	BOE exible ending Fund	Total Agency Funds		
ASSETS		 		•			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 185,917	\$ 64,981	\$	3,819	\$	254,717	
Investments:							
Mutual funds	 100,779	 -		-		100,779	
Total assets	\$ 286,696	\$ 64,981	\$	3,819	\$	355,496	
LIABILITIES							
Payables	\$ -	\$ 1,341	\$	-	\$	1,341	
Due to student groups	286,696	-		-		286,696	
Due to others	-	63,640		3,819		67,459	
Total liabilities	\$ 286,696	\$ 64,981	\$	3,819	\$	355,496	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Balance, ly 1, 2018	Α	dditions		Deletions	Balance, June 30, 2019		
Student Activities Fund							-		
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	193,803	\$	577,730	\$	585,616	\$	185,917	
Investments		94,729		6,050		-		100,779	
Total assets	\$	288,532	\$	583,780	\$	585,616	\$	286,696	
Liabilities									
Due to student groups	\$	288,532	\$	583,780	\$	585,616	\$	286,696	
Total liabilities	\$ \$	288,532	\$	583,780	\$	585,616	\$	286,696	
Land Use Fund Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	81,155	\$	24,651	\$	40,825	\$	64,981	
Receivables	·	1,900	·	-	•	1,900		, -	
Total assets	\$	83,055	\$	24,651	\$	42,725	\$	64,981	
Liabilities									
Due to others	\$	65,817	\$	24,651	\$	26,828	\$	63,640	
Payables	*	17,238	*		•	15,897	*	1,341	
Total liabilities	\$	83,055	\$	24,651	\$	42,725	\$	64,981	
BOE Flexible Spending Fund									
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,939	\$	28,222	\$	28,342	\$	3,819	
Total assets	\$ \$	3,939	\$	28,222	\$	28,342	\$	3,819	
Liabilities									
Due to others	\$	3,939	\$	28,222	\$	28,342	\$	3,819	
Total liabilities	\$	3,939	\$	28,222	\$	28,342	\$	3,819	
Total All Agency Funds									
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	278,897	\$	630,603	\$	654,783	\$	254,717	
Investments		94,729		6,050		-		100,779	
Receivables		1,900				1,900		-	
Total assets	\$	375,526	\$	636,653	\$	656,683	\$	355,496	
Liabilities									
Payables	\$	17,238	\$	-	\$	15,897	\$	1,341	
Due to student groups		288,532		583,780		585,616		286,696	
Due to others		69,756		52,873		55,170		67,459	
Total liabilities	\$	375,526	\$	636,653	\$	656,683	\$	355,496	

TREND	INFORMATION
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NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ended								
		2019	2018		2017		2016		2015
					(2)				(1)
Net investment in capital assets	Ş	82,140,266	\$ 80,700,906	\$	75,092,636	\$	73,711,809	\$	70,659,511
Restricted		251,293	149,159		149,159		149,159		149,284
Unrestricted (deficit)		(17,583,921)	(16,926,379)		(14,430,457)		(5,819,021)		(4,633,590)
Total net position	Ş	64,807,638	\$ 63,923,686	\$	60,811,338	\$	68,041,947	\$	66,175,205
				Fi	iscal Year Ende	d			
		2014	2013	2012		2011			2010
Net investment in capital assets	Ş	73,491,897	\$ 73,450,395	\$	72,485,608	\$	71,489,201	\$	71,058,251
Restricted		165,387	172,425		228,335		173,822		152,999
Unrestricted (deficit)		476,504	2,987,774		4,215,192		6,204,842		6,577,999
Takal ask assettas	,	74422700	6 70 040 504		76 020 425		77.067.065	<u>,</u>	77 700 240
Total net position		74,133,788	\$ 76,610,594	\$	76,929,135	<u>Ş</u>	77,867,865	<u></u> \$	77,789,249

⁽¹⁾ Net position components impacted by the implementation GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27.

⁽²⁾ Net position components impacted by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN YEARS

	2019	2040			Fiscal Year Ended										
F		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010					
Expenses Governmental activities:															
General government	\$ 5,628,826	\$ 6,700,562	\$ 10,710,622	\$ 10,060,199	\$ 8,523,938	\$ 5,804,868	\$ 5,688,414	\$ 5,056,781	\$ 4,970,484	\$ 4,427,458					
Public safety	6,756,832	6,813,644	5,007,490	5,615,864	5,719,303	6,914,030	5,601,550	5,287,936	4,573,192	4,130,680					
Public works	4,610,952	5,611,840	2,976,575	2,358,917	4,172,963	4,593,980	4,766,882	3,855,772	3,462,070	3,414,762					
Culture and recreation	2,042,801	2,025,599	1,910,454	1,067,501	1,732,442	1,776,547	2,168,920	1,891,907	1,811,064	1,945,916					
Health and welfare	1,062,771	1,030,028	815,303	1,578,866	896,547	1,390,968	476,756	699,129	730,089	541,121					
Education	30,407,132	32,575,567	30,104,039	29,960,998	30,449,433	28,574,507	27,281,159	26,588,199	25,732,893	24,583,728					
Interest expense	810,590	793,260	899,191	1,078,829	1,297,377	742,876	614,735	570,586	763,780	921,275					
Total Expenses	51,319,904	55,550,500	52,423,674	51,721,174	52,792,003	49,797,776	46,598,416	43,950,310	42,043,572	39,964,940					
Program revenues:															
Program revenues: Governmental activities:															
Charges for services															
General government	853,862	977,471	1,155,939	1,089,848	868,610	735,558	677,540	811,498	618,550	714,595					
Public safety	346,560	550,307	334,296	293,463	227,810	341,722	331,737	228,142	162,982	55,094					
Public works	319,543	1,814,532	1,622,482	1,993,427	457,597	296,358	134,212	122,290	104,952	111,949					
Culture and recreation	499,695	481,045	622,960	646,664	591,196	352,384	279,980	399,070	441,336	461,146					
Health and welfare	100,591	100,862	61,872	146,034	126,325	180,536	153,858	126,426	53,501	-					
Education	885,321	768,497	580,994	526,734	621,521	624,090	715,839	623,735	531,551	568,298					
Operating grants and contributions	4,122,746	7,211,375	5,182,493	6,089,136	5,515,673	6,023,340	6,009,824	5,029,489	4,743,986	3,997,476					
Capital grants and contributions	397,795	2,352,339	505,372	855,812	957,995	29,654	343,327	326,453	224,024	300,517					
Total program revenues	7,526,113	14,256,428	10,066,408	11,641,118	9,366,727	8,583,642	8,646,317	7,667,103	6,880,882	6,209,075					
Not expenses:															
Net expenses: Governmental activities	(43,793,791)	(41,294,072)	(42,357,266)	(40,080,056)	(43,425,276)	(41,214,134)	(37,952,099)	(36,283,207)	(35,162,690)	(33,755,865)					
-	<u> </u>														
General revenues:															
Governmental activities:															
Property taxes	44,464,048	44,232,530	42,629,956	41,739,765	40,543,368	37,995,840	36,386,749	34,830,615	34,654,101	33,272,869					
Grants and contributions not															
restricted to specific programs	46,146	21,055	202,217	121,042	174,391	582,478	701,025	383,106	427,790	566,911					
Investment income	167,549	152,835	154,186	85,991	119,739	197,271	134,348	130,756	159,415	236,407					
Total general revenues	44,677,743	44,406,420	42,986,359	41,946,798	40,799,237	38,737,328	37,633,558	35,344,477	35,241,306	34,076,187					
Changes in net position	\$ 883,952	\$ 3,112,348	\$ 629,093	\$ 1,866,742	\$ (2,626,039)	\$ (2,476,806)	\$ (318,541)	\$ (938,730)	\$ 78,616	\$ 320,322					